

C09-A-103/C09-AA-103/C09-AEI-103/C09-BM-103/ C09-C-103/C09-CM-103/C09-CH-103/ C09-CHPP-103/C09-CHPC-103/C09-CHOT-103/ C09-CHST-103/C09-EC-103/C09-EE-103/ C09-IT-103/C09-M-103/C09-MET-103/C09-MNG-103/

C09-PET-103/C09-TT-103/C09-RAC-103

3003

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-09) OCT/NOV-2017 FIRST YEAR (COMMON) EXAMINATION

ENGINEERING PHYSICS

Time: 3 hours | Total Marks: 80

PART—A

 $3 \times 10 = 30$

Instructions: (1) Answer **all** questions.

- (2) Each question carries three marks.
- (3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed *five* simple sentences.
- 1. Write the dimensional formulae for the following:
 - (a) Momentum
 - (b) Density
 - (c) Work
- **2.** Define equal vector, negative vector and unit vector.
- **3.** A body is allowed to fall freely from a height 1960 m. Find the time taken to reach the ground.

/3003 1 [Contd... www.ManaResults.co.in

- **4.** State the laws of static friction.
- **5.** The time period of a simple pendulum is 2 seconds. If its length is increased 4 times, find its time period.
- **6.** Write the statement of Boyle's law. If P_1V_1 and P_2V_2 are pressures and volumes, write the relation between them using Boyle's law.
- **7.** Write any two methods of controlling noise pollution in urban areas.
- **8.** Define surface tension and explain any one example.
- **9.** Two north poles of pole strengths 1 A-m each are separated by a distance of 1 m in air. Calculate the force of repulsion between them.
- **10.** Write any three applications of optical fibers.

PART-B

 $10 \times 5 = 50$

Instructions: (1) Answer any **five** questions.

- (2) Each question carries **ten** marks.
- (3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.
- **11.** (a) Define scalar product of two vectors.

3

4

7

3

- (b) Explain potential energy on the basis of scalar product.
- (c) Find the work done in moving an object through a displacement of 2i 3j 5k when the applied force is 5i 4j 2k.

12. (a) Derive an expression for the magnitude and direction of resultant velocity of a body after any instant *t* in case of an oblique projection.

(b) The range of a projectile is twice its maximum height. Its velocity of projection is 10 m/s. What is the range of the projectile? (Take $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$)

/3003 2 [Contd... www.ManaResults.co.in

13.	(a)	Define potential energy. Give its units and dimensional formula.	3
	(b)	Derive an expression for potential energy.	4
	(c)	A body of mass 5 kg is raised to a height of 10 m is 5 minutes. Find the potential energy and power required.	3
14.	(a)	Define time period of a particle in SHM.	2
	(b)	Derive the expression for time period of a particle in SHM.	5
	(c)	A particle moving in SHM has a velocity of 2 m/s when passing through center of its path and its time period is 3.142 s . Find its amplitude.	3
15.	(a)	Distinguish between isothermal and adiabatic processes.	6
	(b)	State the laws of thermodynamics.	4
16.	(a)	Explain Doppler effect in sound. Write any three applications of Doppler effect.	4
	(b)	A train at the outer signal of railway station blows a whistle of frequency 400 Hz in air. What is the frequency of the whistle for a platform observer when the train (i) approaches the platform with a speed of 10 m/s and (ii) recedes from the platform with a speed of 10 m/s. (Velocity of sound in air = 340 m/s)	6
17.	(a)	State Hooke's law.	2
	(b)	Derive an expression for Young's modulus.	4
	(c)	Calculate the force required to increase the length of a wire of cross-sectional area 10^6m^2 by 50%, if the Young's modulus of the material of wire is 90 10^9Pa .	4
18.	(a)	Derive an expression for the specific resistance of the material of a conductor using meter bridge.	6
	(b)	State and explain Coulomb's inverse square law of magnetism.	4

* * *