



**C09-A-302/C09-AA-302/C09-AEI-302/C09-C-302/ C09-CM-  
302/C09-EC-302/C09-EE-302/C09-CH-302/  
C09-CHPP-302/C09-CHPC-302/C09-CHOT-302/ C09-  
CHST-302/C09-IT-302/C09-M-302/C09-MET-302/  
C09-MNG-302/C09-PET-302/PKG-302/C09-TT-302/C09-RAC-302**

## **3202**

**BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-09)**

**APRIL/MAY—2015**

**THIRD SEMESTER (COMMON) EXAMINATION**

**ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-II**

*Time : 3 hours ]*

*[ Total Marks : 80*

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### **PART—A**

$3 \times 10 = 30$

- Instructions :** (1) Answer **all** questions.  
(2) Each question carries **three** marks.

\* 1. Evaluate :  $\frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}}{2\sqrt{x}} dx$

2. Evaluate :  $\frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2 - 9}}$

3. Evaluate :  $(\sec^2 x - e^x - \sin x) dx$

4. Evaluate :  $\frac{\sin(\log x)}{x} dx$

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*[ Contd...*

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5. Evaluate :  $e^x(x^2 - 2x) dx$
6. Evaluate :  $\int_0^1 (x^{10} - 1) dx$
7. Find the area bounded by the curve  $2y = x^2$ ,  $x$ -axis between  $x = 1$  and  $x = 3$ .
8. Solve :  $x^{12} dy - y^{12} dx = 0$
9. Find the particular integral of  $(D^2 - 4D - 4)y = e^{3x}$
10. Form the differential equation of family of curves  $y = Ae^{2x} + Be^{-2x}$ , where  $A, B$  are arbitrary constants.

**PART—B**

10×5=50

- Instructions :** (1) Answer *any five* questions.  
 (2) Each question carries **ten** marks.

11. (a) Evaluate :  $\int \frac{x^2}{(x-1)(x-3)} dx$

(b) Evaluate :  $x^3 e^{4x} dx$

\* 12. (a) Evaluate :  $\int \sin 4x \cos 2x dx$

(b) Evaluate :  $\int \cos^3 d \sin^9 d$

13. (a) Find the volume of the solid obtained by revolving the region of parabola  $y^2 = 4ax$  cut off by its latus rectum and revolved about  $x$ -axis.

(b) Find the RMS values of  $\sqrt{\log x}$  over  $x = 1$  to  $x = e$ .

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- 14.** (a) Prove that  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\cos x}{\cos x - \sin x} dx = \frac{\pi}{4}$ .
- (b) Find the area bounded by the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$  using integration.
- 15.** (a) Solve :  $x \frac{dy}{dx} - 2y = \log x$
- (b) Solve :  $(D^2 - 3D - 2)y = e^{3x}$
- 16.** (a) Solve :  $(D^2 - 4)y = \cos 3x$
- (b) Solve :  $(D^2 - 4)y = x^2$
- 17.** Solve :  $x^2 y dx - (x^3 - y^3) dy = 0$
- 18.** (a) Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{1-x^2}$  using trapezoidal rule by taking 5 ordinates.
- (b) Solve :  $(y \cos x - \sin y - y) dx - (\sin x - x \cos y - x) dy = 0$

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