## 4003

# BOARD DI PLOMA EXAMI NATI ON, (C-14) <br> MARCH / APRI L- 2019 <br> FI RST YEAR (COMMON) EXAMI NATI ON 

ENGINEERING PHYSICS

Time: 3 Hours
Max.Marks: 80

## PART-A

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3 \times 10=30 M
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Instructions: 1) Answer all questions and Each question carries three marks
2) Answer should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed five simple sentences.

1) Write any three advantages of SI units.
2) State triangle law of vectors with neat diagram.
3) A body is allowed to fall freely from a height of 2000 m . Find the time taken by it to reach the ground $\left(\mathrm{g}=10 / \mathrm{ms}^{2}\right)$.
4) Define SHM and give two examples.
5) State boyle's law in gases .Express it's equation in terms of density.
6) Define reverberation time and state Sabine's formula for reverberation time.
7) Define surface tension and give two examples.
8) Define stress and strain.
9) State kirchoff's first and second Law of electricity.
10) State any three applications of photo electric effect.

Instructions: 1) Answer any FIVE questions
2) Each question carries Ten marks.
3) The answer should be comprehensive and the criteria for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer
11) a) State parallelogram law of vectors. 2 M
b) Derive an expression for the magnitude and direction of thier resultant vector.
c) If two forces of 30 N and 40 N act simultaneously on a praticle inclined at $60^{\circ}$ to each other, find the magnitude of the resultant. 3M
12) a) Show that the path of a projectile is a parabola in the case of horizontal projection.
b) A body is projected obliquely with an initial velocity of $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ at an angle $30^{\circ}$ to the horizontal. Find the maximum height reached. 4 M
13) a) Define Friction. $2 M$
b) Derive the expression for acceleration of a body moving up on a smooth inclined plane with necessary diagram. 5M
c) State any three methods of minimizing friction 3M
14) a) State and prove law of conservation of energy in the case of a freely
falling body.
b) If $60 \mathrm{Kg} \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$ is the momentum of a body of mass 0.6 kg , find it's kinetic energy. 3M
15) a) Derive expression for time period of a simple pendulum. $7 M$
b) A particle executing SHM has an acceleration of $0.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ when the displacement is 2 m . Find its time period. 3 M
16) a) Distinguish between isothermal and adiabatic processes. 6 M
b) 1500 j of heat is given to a gas when its volume is increased by $0.004 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ at a constant pressure of $2 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~Pa}$. Calculate increase in the internal energy of the gas.
17) a) Define beats.
b) Write any four effects of noise pollution. 4 M
c) Write any four methods of minimizing noise pollution.
18) a) State Coloumb's inverse square law of magnetism. $3 M$
b) Derive an expression for magnetic induction field strength at a point on the axial line of a short bar magnet.

