## 4651

## BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMI NATI ON, (C-14) <br> MARCH / APRI L-2019 <br> DME - FIFTH SEMESTER EXAMI NATI ON

ESTIMATING \& COSTING
Time: 3Hrs
Max.Marks: 80
PART - A
$10 \times 3=30 \mathrm{M}$
Intstructions:1) Answer all questions. Each question carries three marks
2) Answer should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed five simple sentences.

1) List any six Constituents of Estimation. $1 / 2 \times 6=3$
2) State any three objectives of costing. $1 \times 3=3$
3) Write any three causes for Depreciation. $1 \times 3=3$
4) Write the formulae for finding the volume of $1+1+1$
a) Cone
b) Segment of sphere
c) Frustum of pyramid
5) Find the rpm for turning a steel shaft of diameter 40 mm at a cutting speed of $30 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{mm}$
6) Dfine a) Cutting speed
b) Feed
c) Depth of cut
$1+1+1$
7) List out any three elements which makeup the total arc welding cost. 3
8) List any three forging losses.
$1 \times 3=3$
9) List any six forging methods.
$1 / 2 \times 6=3$
10) List the six steps for making Castings in foundry.
$1 / 2 \times 6=3$

## PART-B

Intstructions:1) Answer any five questions.
2) Each question carries ten marks
11. a) Write any five functions of Estimation.
b) A machine was purchased for Rs. 40,000 and Rs. 5000 was spent for its erection. The residual value after ten years of its useful life was Rs 5000 using straight line method of Depreciation.
i) Calculate the annual rate of depreciation.
ii) Determine the depreciation fund collected at the end of 6 years.
iii) If after 7 years of running some parts are replaced at the cost of Rs3000 What will be the new rate of depreciation? $2 \mathrm{M}+1 \mathrm{M}+2 \mathrm{M}$
12. The Market price of a machine is Rs 6000 and the distributor is allowed a discount of $20 \%$ of the market price. It is found that the selling Expenses are $50 \%$ of factory cost. The Material cost, Labour cost and factory overheads are in the ratio $1: 3: 2$. If the labour cost is Rs1200, determine the profit on each machine? Neglect other overheads.
13. Determine the cost of brass casting shown in figure. Density may be taken as 8.6 grams/cc and brass cost may be taken as Rs 60 per Kg. All dimensions are in mm . 10M

14. Estimate the time required to reduce a 35 mm bar to the dimensions shown in figure below. Take cutting speed as $16.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}$ and speed as $1 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{rev}$. Assume all cuts are 3.5 mm deep.


ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MM
15. a) What is the effective cutting speed of a shaper. 4M
b) A cast Iron rectangular block of $10 \mathrm{~cm} \times 3 \mathrm{~cm}$ is required to be shaped to reduce the thickness from 1.5 cm in one cut. Determine the time required for shaping, if cutting speed is $20 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}$ and feed is $0.2 \mathrm{~cm} /$ stroke. Return time to cutting time ratio is $1: 4$.
16. The figure shows an open tank of size $1000 \mathrm{~mm} \times 1000 \mathrm{~mm} \times 1000 \mathrm{~mm}$ made from a 5 mm thick sheet which is to be fabrictaed by welding from both inside and outside. Find out the estimated cost of manufacturing one such tank on the basis of following data. All dimensions are in mm.


Materials:
Size of M.S sheet available
$=1000 \mathrm{~mm} \times 1000 \mathrm{mmx5} \mathrm{~mm}$ thick
Cost of M.S sheet
Power consumption
Power cost
$=$ Rs2000per ton

Cost of electorode
$=$ Rs. 2 per kwh
Density of M.S
$=$ Rs. 3 per 250 mm of weld
$=0.0078 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$

Labour:

Welding charges
Welding time
Overhead charges
$=$ Rs. 5 per hour
$=10$ minutes per 250 mm of weld
$=100 \%$ on labour
17. Calculate the length of stock required to forge 50 Ms bolts as shown in figure. The bolts are to be made from 3 cm dia bar stock. Consider hand forging losses.


## ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MM

18. A C.I. Pulley is shown in figure. Estimate the cost of 200 C.I. Pulleys using the follwoing data.
Cost of metal $=$ RS 10 per kg .
Moulds prepared by each worker per day $=20$
Melting charges $=20 \%$ of metal cost.
Machining allowance on each side may be taken as 2 mm .
Wages to each moulder $=$ Rs 20 per day.
Density of C.I. $=7.2$ grams $/$ C.C
Over head charges $=25 \%$ of metal.
Pattern is supplied by the consumer.


ALL DIMESIONS ARE IN MM

