



C16-M/CHOT/RAC-101

6051

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-16)

JUNE—2019

DME—FIRST YEAR EXAMINATION

ENGLISH

Time : 3 hours]

[Total Marks : 80

PART—A

3×10 =30

- Instructions :** (1) Answer **all** questions.
(2) Each question carries **three** marks.
(3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed *five* simple sentences.

1. Write any three advantages of learning English language.
2. Rewrite the following sentences as directed in the brackets :
 - (a) You want to borrow a dictionary from your friend.
(Make a request)
 - (b) You are expected to attend your friend's birthday party.
(Convert it into an obligation)
 - (c) You lost your mobile phone.
(Write a sentence of your feelings)
3. You have to cancel the appointment made with your Head of Section. Write a dialogue with you and your Head of Section mentioning the reason.

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4. Rewrite the following as directed :

(a) The bus starts everyday _____ 8 a.m.

(Fill in the blank)

(b) Children are fond _____ toys.

(Fill in the blank)

(c) China is more populous than India.

(Convert to positive degree)

5. Fill in the blanks with proper tense form :

Venkat _____ (go) to college by train everyday. Now, he _____ (walk) towards railway station. Tomorrow, he _____ (come) to college early to attend some functions.

6. Change the voice of the following sentences :

(a) She sells toys.

(b) The timetable was announced by the teacher.

(c) The Chief Guest is distributing the prizes.

7. Frame a sentence each on the given sentence structures :

(a) S + V

(b) S + V + O

(c) S + V + IO + DO

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8. Rewrite the following sentences as directed in the brackets :

(a) Rani completed her degree in 2017.

(Frame a question with 'when')

(b) Ravi skillfully completed the work.

(Frame a question with 'how')

(c) Sachin can play cricket and chess.

(Frame 'yes-no' question)

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9. Change the speech of the following sentences :

- (a) Teacher said to us, "I will take an extra class next week".
- (b) Ravi told Lakshmi that he had secured 80% in his second year.
- (c) Naveen told me that he would come to our house next day.

10. Correct the following sentences :

- (a) Institutions ____ (train/trains) students for exams.
- (b) Two thousand rupees ____ (is/are) not a big sum.
- (c) Either the postman or the clerks in the office ____ (has/have) come.

PART—B

10×5=50

Instructions : (1) Answer **five** questions including Question No. **18** which is compulsory.

(2) Each question carries **ten** marks.

(3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.

11. Fill in the blanks with suitable words given from the list in the brackets :

(Air, villages, sewage, throw, drink, paper, explosion, chimneys, noise, harmful, planting, atmosphere)

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Pollution is a child of industrialisation. It is polluting the ____ and gradually leading mankind to destruction. Smoke from ____ of big factories and vehicles and ____ gases produced by some chemical works are gradually polluting the atmosphere. The level of carbon dioxide in the ____ is increasing. This is heating up the earth. ____ water and industrial waste that flow into streams pollute the water that we _____. Water-borne diseases are a threat to life. ____ produced by vehicles, oil, engines, and generators do not let the people in big cities sleep in peace. The population ____ is another source of pollution. Very poor people are perhaps, the greatest polluters. They live unhygienically in slums. They ____ garbage everywhere. We must take steps to check pollution. The most important remedy is ____ of trees and development of forests.

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12. Write at least ten instructions on how to draw money from an ATM using your debit card.

13. (a) Frame three 'yes or no' questions and two 'wh' questions from the following paragraph :

The peacock is our national bird and is known for its beautiful feathers and graceful dance. But peacock deaths are being reported from different parts of the country and their numbers are decreasing. With our guns and pesticides we are destroying them so fast that soon there may be no peacocks left on the earth. We may be seeing them only in pictures and hear about them in stories and songs in the future.

(b) Correct the following sentences :

(i) Rani is clever, is she?

(ii) We will meets tomorrow.

(iii) One of my friend is going to London.

(iv) The informations are not true.

(v) We drank coffee just now.

14. Write a paragraph describing Your Favourite Teacher.

15. Prepare a resume for the post of technician trainee in a company.

16. Write a letter to your friend describing your polytechnic.

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17. Make a note of the following :

In life, we have essentially two psychological modes that we are in most of the time : reactive and responsive. The reactive mode is the one that feels stressful. In it, we feel pressured and are quick to judge. We lose perspective and take things personally. We're annoyed, bothered, and frustrated. Needless to say, our judgement and decision making capacity is severely impaired when we are in a reactive state of mind. We make quick decisions that we often regret. We annoy other people and tend to bring out the worst in them. When an opportunity knocks, we are usually too overwhelmed or frustrated to see it. If we do see it, we're usually overly critical and negative.

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The responsive mode, on the other hand, is our most relaxed state of mind. Being responsive suggests that we have our bearings. We see the bigger picture and take things less personally. Rather than being rigid and stubborn, we are flexible and calm. In the responsive mode, we are at our best. We bring out the best in others and solve problems gracefully. When an opportunity comes our way, our mind is open. We are receptive to new ideas.

18. Read the following paragraph carefully and answer the questions that follow :

Vitamins are discovered by Lenin in 1881, which are required by the human body in small amounts. Vitamins have been named as A, B, C, D, E, K. Vitamin A is highly essential for the growth of the body and for the protection of the skin and other delicate parts of the body. It is found in milk, butter, eggs, green vegetables, cod liver oil. It also checks infections and keeps the eyes healthy. Vitamin B, whose shortage in the body can cause a disease called beri-beri is mainly found in cereals, eggs, green vegetables and yeast. A good source of vitamin C is human milk but it is also present in large amounts in oranges, lemons and fresh fruits. Its deficiency can cause diseases like scurvy.

- (a) Who discovered vitamins?
- (b) What are the various vitamins?
- (c) What are the uses of vitamin A?
- (d) What are the diseases caused by the deficiency of vitamin B and C?
- (e) Give synonyms of (i) essential, and (ii) delicate.

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