

C16-M-301/C16-CHOT-301/C16-RAC-301

6242

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-16) OCT/NOV-2018

DME—THIRD SEMESTER EXAMINATION

ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-II

Time: 3 hours [Total Marks: 80

PART—A

 $3 \times 10 = 30$

Instructions: (1) Answer all questions.

- (2) Each question carries **three** marks.
- **1.** Evaluate $\sin x = \frac{1}{1 x^2} = e^x = dx$.
- **2.** Evaluate $\frac{\cos^{-1} x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$.
- 3. Evaluate $\int_{0}^{4} \sec^2 x dx$.
- **4.** Find the area bounded by the parabola $y = x^2$, X-axis, between the lines x = 2 and x = 3.
- **5.** Find $L\{e^{2t} \ 4t^3 \ 2\sin 3t\}$.

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6. Find
$$L^{-1} \frac{2s-5}{S^2-4}$$
.

- **7.** Find the value of a_0 in Fourier series expansion of $f(x) = x^2$ in the interval 0,2.
- **8.** Find the differential equation corresponding to the family of curve $y Ae^{5x} Be^{5x}$, where A, B are arbitrary constants.
- **9.** Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{\frac{1 + y^2}{1 + x^2}} = 0$.
- **10.** Solve $(D^2 ext{ } 6D ext{ } 4)y ext{ } 0$

PART—B

10×5=50

Instructions: (1) Answer any five questions.

- (2) Each question carries ten marks.
- **11.** (a) Evaluate $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x} + 2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x} + 3} dx.$
 - (b) Evaluate $\frac{1}{5 + 4\cos x} dx$.
- **12.** (a) Evaluate $x^3e^{2x}dx$.
 - (b) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{2} \frac{1}{1 + \tan x} dx$.
- **13.** (a) Find the RMS value of $\sqrt{8}$ $4x^2$ over the range between x = 0 to x = 3.
 - (b) Find the volume generated by revolving the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{9}$ $\frac{y^2}{4}$ 1 about *y*-axis.

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- **14.** (a) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{1-x^2} dx$ using trapezoidal rule by taking n=4.
 - (b) Find $L\{t 2^2 e^t\}$.
- **15.** (a) Find $L^{-1} = \frac{s}{s + 3^{-5}}$
 - (b) Using convolution theorem, find $L^{-1} = \frac{1}{s-1} = \frac{1}{s-1}$.
- **16.** Expand the function $f(x) = x^2$ as a Fourier series in f(x), .
- **17.** (a) Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x} = 8$.
 - (b) Solve $(e^y \quad 1)\cos x \, dx \quad e^y \sin x \, dy \quad 0$.
- **18.** (a) Solve $(D^2 \ D \ 6)y \ e^{3x} \ e^{3x}$.
 - (b) Solve $(D^2 25)y \sin 5x$.

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