## 6246

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-16)
AUGUST/SEPTEMBER—2021
DME - THIRD SEMESTER EXAMINATION
BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING AND ELECTRONICS
Time : 3 hours ]
[ Total Marks : 80
PART—A
$3 \times 10=30$
Instructions: (1) Answer all questions.
(2) Each question carries three marks.
(3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed five simple sentences.

1. State Kirchhoff's current law.
2. State Lenz's law.
3. State the materials used for the following in DC generator:
(a) Armature core
(b) Brushes
(c) Yoke
4. Draw a neat circuit diagram of welding generator.
5. Define the terms (a) frequency and (b) form factor.
6. State the types of starters used for AC machines.
7. State any six applications of 1-phase induction motors.
8. Compare intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors in any three aspects.
9. State any three effects of electric shock in a human body.
10. State the need of earthing of electrical equipment.
PART—B
Instructions: (1) Answer any five questions.
(2) Each question carries ten marks.
(3) Answers should be comprehensive and criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.
11. (a) Three resistances $2 \Omega, 3 \Omega$ and $6 \Omega$ are connected in (i) series and
(ii) parallel. Calculate the effective resistance in each case.
(b) Explain dynamically induced e.m.f.
12. State and explain Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction.
13. Draw the schematic diagrams of each type of DC motors and also
write the voltage and current equations.
14. (a) Explain field control methods of speed control of DC series motors.5
(b) State any five advantages of polyphase system over 1-phase supply.5
15. A series circuit having a resistance of $40 \Omega$, capacitance of $20 \mu \mathrm{E}$ and an inductance of 0.2 H is connected across $110 \mathrm{~V}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ supply. Calculate (a) impedance, (b) current, (c) power factor and (d) power in watts.
16. Explain the constructional features of an alternator.
17. Explain the working of PN junction diode with forward and reverse bias with legible sketches.
18. Explain the construction and working principle of moving iron voltmeter.
