## Code No: MB1914/R19

# MBA I Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, July-2021 QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS FOR BUSINESS DECISIONS 

Time: 3 Hours
Max. Marks: 75

## Answer Any FIVE Questions, one from each unit Question No. 11 is Compulsory

## UNIT-I

1. a Solve the quadratic equation $2 x^{2}+x-300=0$ using factorization 6 M
$\mathrm{b} \quad$ In a group of 6 boys and 4 girls, four children are to be selected. In how many 6M different ways can they be selected such that at least one boy should be there?
2. a

If $A=\left[\begin{array}{lll}0 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 4\end{array}\right], \quad B=\left[\begin{array}{lll}7 & 6 & 3 \\ 1 & 4 & 5\end{array}\right]$ Find value of $2 A+3 B$
b In how many ways can the letters of the word "IMPOSSIBLE" be arranged so that all the vowels come together?

UNIT-II
3. Calculate Mean and Standard Deviation for the following frequency distribution:

| Marks | $10-20$ | $20-30$ | $30-40$ | $40-50$ | $50-60$ | $60-70$ | $70-80$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of Students | 4 | 6 | 15 | 28 | 22 | 15 | 10 |

OR
4. Calculate the two regression equations for the following data:

| Price | 10 | 12 | 13 | 12 | 16 | 15 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Demand | 40 | 38 | 43 | 45 | 37 | 43 |

Estimate the likely demand when the price is Rs. 20?
UNIT-III
5. Explain various steps involved in decision making process.

## OR

6. Explain decision making under uncertainty and risk with illustrations.

## UNIT-IV

7. The class teacher of a class claims that the average score of the girl's students is more than 72 . Ten girl students are selected randomly to test the claim and recorded their scores as $65,75,55,83,87,90,60,66,76$ and 70 . Test at 5 percent significance level.

## OR

8. What is point and interval estimates? Explain various components of hypothesis.

## Code No: MB1914/R19

## UNIT-V

9. A car manufacturer aims to improve the quality of the products by reducing the defects and also increase the customer satisfaction. Therefore, he monitors the efficiency of two assembly lines in the shop floor. In line A there are 18 defects reported out of 200 samples. While the line B shows 25 defects out of 600 cars. At $\alpha$ $5 \%$, is the differences between two assembly procedures are significant?

OR
10. The operations manager of a company that manufactures tires wants to determine whether there are any differences in the quality of work among the three daily shifts. She randomly selects 496 tires and carefully inspects them. Each tire is either classified as perfect, satisfactory, or defective, and the shift that produced it is also recorded. The two categorical variables of interest are the shift and condition of the tire produced. The data can be summarized by the accompanying two-way table. Does the data provide sufficient evidence at the $5 \%$ significance level to infer that there are differences in quality among the three shifts?

|  | Perfect | Satisfactory | Defective | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Shift 1 | 106 | 124 | 1 | 231 |
| Shift 2 | 67 | 85 | 1 | 153 |
| Shift 3 | 37 | 72 | 3 | 112 |
| Total | 210 | 281 | 5 | 496 |

## CASE STUDY

The length of similar components produced by a company are approximated by a normal distribution model with a mean of 5 cm and a standard deviation of 0.02 cm . If a component is chosen at random. (a) What is the probability that the length of this component is between 4.98 and 5.02 cm ? (b) What is the probability that the length of this component is between 4.96 and 5.04 cm (c) What is the probability that the length of this component is more than 4.94 cm .

