## I B. Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, May - 2018 MATHEMATICS-I

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)

- 2. Answer **ALL** the question in **Part-A**
- 3. Answer any **FOUR** Questions from **Part-B**

PART -A

- 1. a) Solve the DE  $y(xy + e^x)dx e^x dy = 0$ . (2M)
  - b) Solve the DE  $y^{11} 2y^1 + 10y = 0$ , given y(0) = 4,  $y^1(0) = 1$ . (2M)
  - c) If  $u = \frac{x^2 y^2}{x + y}$  then find  $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$  (2M)
  - d) If  $f(x, y, z) = e^{xyz}$  then find  $\frac{\partial^3 f}{\partial x \partial y \partial z}$  (2M)
  - e) Find  $L\{\delta(t-3)\}$  (2M)
  - f) Solve z=p(x+1)+q(y+2). (2M)
  - g) Classify the nature of the PDE  $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + 4 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$  (2M)

## PART -B

- 2. a) A body kept in air with temperature 25°C cools from 140°C to 80°C in 20 (7M) minutes. Find when the body cools down to 35°C.
  - b) An R L circuit has an Emf given (in volts) by 10 sin t, a resistance of 90 (7M) ohms, an inductance of 4 henries. Find the current at any time t by assuming zero initial current.
- 3. a) Solve the DE  $(D^2 + 1)y = \cot x$  by the method of variation of parameters (7M)
  - b) Determine the charge on the capacitor at any time t > 0 in circuit in series having an emf  $E(t) = 100 \sin 60 t$ , a resistor of 2 ohms, an inductor of 0.1 henries and capacitor of  $\frac{1}{260}$  farads, if the initial current and charge on the capacitor are both zero.
- 4. a) Evaluate  $\int_0^\infty \frac{e^{-t} e^{-2t}}{t} dt$  (7M)
  - b) Using Laplace transform solve  $y(t) = sint + \int_0^t u \, y(t u) \, du$  (7M)
- 5. a) Find the minimum value of  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2$  subject to ax + by + cz = p. (7M)

- b) Check whether the following are functionally dependent or not, then find the (7M) relation between  $u = \frac{x-y}{x+y}, v = \frac{xy}{\left(x+y\right)^2}$
- 6. a) Find partial differential equation by eliminating arbitrary function (7M)  $f(x^2 + y^2, z xy) = 0$ 
  - b) Solve the PDE  $\frac{p^2}{z^2} = 1 pq$ . (7M)
- 7. a) Solve the PDE  $\left(D^2 3D D^{1^2} + 3D^1\right)z = e^{x-2y}$  (7M)
  - b) Solve the PDE  $(D-D^1-1)(D-D^1-2)z = x + e^{3x-y}$  (7M)