# I B. Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, August/Sep - 2022 APPLIED PHYSICS 

(Com. to ECE, CSE, IT, EIE, E Com E)
Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)<br>2. Answering the question in Part-A is Compulsory<br>3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

## PART -A

1. a) A thin film of oil appears multicoloured under white light. Explain why?
b) How diffraction is different from interference?
c) Write notes on Stimulated emission.
d) In Nicol's prism, for which ray Canada balsam acts as a rarer medium? Explain why?
e) Write the Maxwell's equations in differential form.
f) What are the drawbacks of the classical free electron theory?
g) What are the majority and minority charge carriers in n-type semiconductors?

## PART -B

2. a) Explain the phenomenon of interference. What are the necessary conditions for obtaining sustained interference fringes?
b) Give the analytical treatment of interference of light and hence obtain the condition for maximum and minimum intensity.
3. a) Give the theory of Fraunhofer diffraction due to a double slit.
b) Light of wavelength, $\lambda=5 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{~cm}$ is incident normally on a plane transmission grating of width 3 cm and 15000 lines. Find the angle of diffraction in first order.
4. a) What are the characteristic properties of LASER?
b) With neat diagrams, describe the construction and working of $\mathrm{He}-\mathrm{Ne}$ laser.
5. a) What are the quarter and half wave plates? Derive the expressions for thickness of quarter and half wave plates.
b) The refractive index of calcite for ordinary ray is 1.658 and for extra ordinary ray it is 1.486 . The slice having the thickness $0.9 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~cm}$ is cut from the crystal. For what wavelength this slice acts as half wave plate?
6. a) State and explain Bloch theorem.
b) Explain the formation of allowed and forbidden energy bands on the basis of the Kronig-Penny model.
7. a) State and explain Hall effect. Derive expression for Hall coefficient.
b) Illustrate the applications of Hall effect.
