

## c09-c-**105**

# 3015

### **BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-09)**

### MARCH/APRIL-2017

#### **DCE—FIRST YEAR EXAMINATION**

SURVEYING—I

Time : 3 hours ]

[ Total Marks : 80

#### **PART—A** 3×10=30

**Instructions** : (1) Answer **all** questions.

- (2) Each question carries **three** marks.
- (3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed *five* simple sentences.
- 1. State the fundamental principles of surveying.
- 2. Define the terms (a) 'base line', (b) 'check line' and (c) 'tie line'.
- **3.** Draw the sign conventions for *(a)* road bridge, *(b)* embankment and *(c)* cutting.
- **4.** Write the formulae to calculate the area of a piece of land using *(a)* trapezoidal rule and *(b)* Simpson's rule.
- 5. Distinguish between closed traverse and open traverse.
- **6.** If the quadrantal bearings of two survey lines OA and OB are N 65 45 E and S 45 30 E, calculate the included angle AOB.
- 7. Define (a) level surface (b) datum and (c) benchmark.

/3015 1 [Contd... WWW.MANARESULTS.CO.IN

- **8.** Find the correction for curvature and refraction for a distance of *(a)* 860 m and *(b)* 3.5 km.
- 9. State the methods of contouring.
- **10.** Mention any three minor instruments used in surveying.

Instructions : (1) Answer any five questions.

- (2) Each question carries **ten** marks.
- (3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.
- **11.** (a) State any six points to be remembered while recording in field book.
  - (b) Explain the principle and operation of optical square.
- **12.** The following perpendicular offsets were taken from a survey line to a curved boundary line :

Distance	0	5	10	15	20	30	40	50	60
<i>Offset</i> (m)	1.5	2.7	4·2	5.6	5.8	4.6	5.8	3.8	2.6

Find the area enclosed between the survey lines, curved boundary line and the first and last offsets by (a) trapezoidal rule and (b) Simpson's rule.

- **13.** What is closing error? Explain how it is adjusted using Bowditch's rule graphically.
- 14. The following bearings were recorded in a closed compass traverse :

Line	FB	BB
AB	S45 00 E	N 45 00 W
BC	N6000E	S 60 00 W
CD	N500E	S500W
DE	N 65 00 W	S6500E
EA	S40 00 W	N 40 00 E

Calculate the included angles and verify whether the general condition is satisfied or not.

/3015

2

[ Contd...

WWW.MANARESULTS.CO.IN

- **15.** When is reciprocal leveling done? Explain the procedure with a neat sketch.
- **16.** The following observations refer to reciprocal levels taken with a dumpy level :

Instrument near to	Staff read	dings on	Remarks	
	Р	Q		
Р	1.035	1.635	Distance PQ = 1025 m	
Q	0.955	1.545	RL of Q = 250.00 m	

Find (a) true RL of P, (b) combined correction for curvature and refraction and (c) the error in the collimation adjustment of the instrument.

**17.** The following consecutive readings were taken with a dumpy level :

1.685, 1.550, 1.825, 2.475, 2.950, 2.155, 2.315, 2.505, 2.865 and 3.015

The instrument was shifted after 4th and 6th readings. The RL of first point 50.65 m. Rule out a page of level book readings. Use height of collimation method and apply usual checks.

18. Explain the construction and working of an Abney level.

\* \* \*

/3015

\*