

c09-c-**303**

3219

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-09) MARCH/APRIL-2016

DCE—THIRD SEMESTER EXAMINATION

STRENGTH OF MATERIALS AND THEORY OF STRUCTURES

Time : 3 hours]

[Total Marks : 80

PART—A

3×10=30

Instructions : (1) Answer all questions.

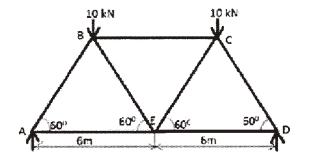
- (2) Each question carries **three** marks.
- (3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed *five* simple sentences.
- 1. Define simple bending and bending stress.
- **2.** A circular beam of 150 mm diameter is subjected to a shear force of 10 kN. Calculate the value of maximum shear stress.
- 3. Draw the deflected shapes of-
 - (a) fixed beam;
 - (b) two-span continuous beam.
- **4.** State the relation between curvature, slope and deflection of a loaded beam and explain the terms.
- **5.** A concentrated load of 5 kN is acting at the centre of a simply supported beam of span 5 m. Determine the value of flexural rigidity of beam section if the deflection is 10 mm.
- **6.** If the actual length of the column is 5 m, then determine the effective lengths with any three different end conditions.
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- **7.** Define :
 - (a) Strut
 - (b) Column
 - (c) Stanchion
- **8.** Write the formula for acting earth pressure on a retaining wall with inclined back fill and explain the terms.
- **9.** Define :
 - (a) Statically determinate frame
 - (b) Statically indeterminate frame
- 10. A solid circular shaft of diameter 30 mm is tested under torsion. The gauge length of test specimen is 300 mm. A torque of 2 kN-m produces an angular twist of 1°. Determine the modulus of rigidity of the shaft.

Instructions : (1) Answer any five questions.

- (2) Each question carries ten marks.
- (3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.
- 11. A T-section of 150 mm 100 mm 15 mm is provided as a cantilever for a length of 3 m with its flange at the top carries a load W at its free end. What can be the maximum value of W, so that the stress in the section must not exceed 50 N/mm²? Also calculate the actual stresses in tension and compression due to bending.
- 12. A 300 mm deep, 150 mm wide rolled steel joist of I-section with flanges 15 mm thick, web 10 mm thick is used as simply supported beam of span 4 m. Find the UDL the beam can carry without exceeding the shear stress of 40 N / mm².
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- **13.** Derive the formulae for the maximum slope and maximum deflection of a simply supported beam of span *l* with a point load *W* at its mid span in terms of flexural rigidity. Use double-integration method.
- 14. A simply supported beam of 8 m span carries two point loads of 20 kN each placed at a distance of 3 m from either support. Determine the maximum slope and deflection in the beam. Take $EI = 8 10^4 \text{ kN-m}^2$. Use Mohr's theorems.
- **15.** A hollow cylindrical cast iron column is 4 m long both ends being fixed. Design the column to carry an axial load of 250 kN. Use Rankine's formula and adopt a factor of safety of 4. The internal diameter may be taken as 0.80 times the external diameter. Take f_c 550 N/mm² and *a* or (1/1600).
- **16.** A cast iron hollow cylindrical column 3 m in length when hinged at both ends, has a critical buckling load of *P*kN. When the column is fixed at both the ends, its critical load rises to (*P*+300) kN. If the ratio of external diameter to internal diameter is 1.25 and $E = 100 \text{ kN} / \text{mm}^2$, determine the external diameter of the column.
- 17. A trapezoidal concrete dam is 2 m wide at top and 16 m high with its vertical face on water side. A free board of 2 m is to be provided. Find base width for most economical section of the dam. Take specific weight of concrete = $23 \text{ kN} / \text{m}^3$ and specific weight of water = $10 \text{ kN} / \text{m}^3$.
- **18.** Determine the forces in the members *AB*, *AE*, *BE* and *BC* of the truss shown in figure by method of joints.





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