

3721**BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-09)****MARCH/APRIL-2019****DCE - SIXTHSEMESTEREXAMINATION****STEEL STRUCTURES**

Time: 3 Hours

Max.Marks:80

Reference books to be allowed:

- 1) Steel Code IS 800-2007
- 2) Steel Tables
- 3) Extracts from IS 875-1987 for wind load calculation.

PART-A**3x10=30M**

Instructions: 1) Answer **all** questions. Each question carries **three** marks.
2) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed five simple sentences.

- 1) List any three physical properties and three mechanical properties of steel.
- 2) Draw the cross section of fillet weld showing different components.
- 3) What is meant by shear lag?
- 4) Calculate the design tensile strength of ISA 90x60x8mm in tension due to yielding of gross cross section. Assume yield stress of steel equal to 300 N²/mm.
- 5) State any six forms of compression members.
- 6) Draw the sectional elevation of slab base showing various components.
- 7) Distinguish between laterally restrained and unrestrained beams.
- 8) Name any three types of web stiffeners in plate girders.
- 9) What are the component parts of the poof truss?
- 10) Calculate live load per 'square metre' of plan area on a sloping roof having a roofing angle 30°.

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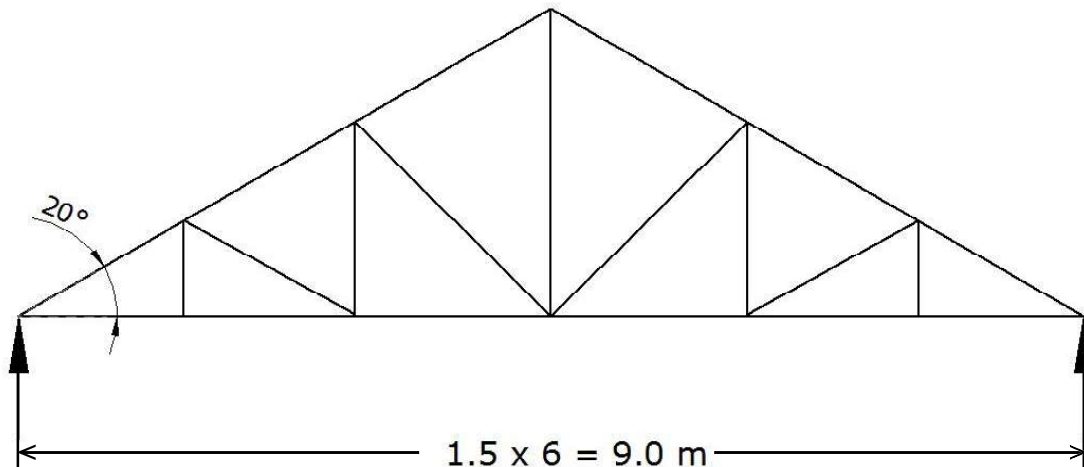
PART-B

5x10=50M

- Instructions :** 1) Answer any **five** questions
2) Each question carries **ten** marks
3) Answer should be comprehensive and the criteria for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.

- 11) An angle ISA 125x95x10mm carrying an axial tensile load of 400kN is to be connected to a gusset plate of 10mm thick through its longer leg using side fillet welds. Design the welded joining. The ultimate shear stress in the weld is 410 N/mm^2 . Assume connections are made at site.
- 12) Find the Design strength of a single angle tension member ISA 100x75x8 mm connected to 10 mm thick gusset plate using fillet weld. Take length of connection L_c as 170 mm. Assume $f_y = 300 \text{ Mp}_a$ and $f_u = 440 \text{ Mp}_a$.
- 13) Determine the design compressive strength of single ISHB 300 @ 630 N/m when it is used as column of 6 m height with both of its ends are restrained against translation but free to rotate. Assume yield stress of steel (F_y) = 250 Mp_a .
- 14) Design a single angle discontinuous strut of length 2.50 m to carry an axial compression 120 kN. Assume Gusset fixity as rigid and longer leg is connected to gusset plate using fillet weld. Take $f_y = 250 \text{ Mp}_a$.
- 15) a) Draw the elevation of 'Lacing' and 'batten system' of built-up-column. 4M
- b) Determine the thickness of slab base of size 320x320 mm is provided below a steel column carrying a factored load of 900kN. The projection of base plate from column in both directions is 35mm. Take $f_y = 250 \text{ Mp}_a$.
- 16) Determine design strength in bending and shear of a laterally supported cantilever beam ISLB 400 @ 569 N/m. Take $f_y = 300 \text{ N/mm}^2$.

- 17) A Rolled Steel I-section of a simply supported beam of span 5.5m subjected to factored B.M of 170 kN-m and factored S.F of 125 kN. Check the adequacy of the beam for bending and shear. Assume Compression flange of the beam is laterally restrained . Take $f_y = 250 \text{ N/mm}^2$.
- 18) A Howe truss of span 9.0 m and pitch 20° carries AC sheet roofing. The trusses are 4.0m apart. The design wind pressure is 2000 N/m^2 . Determine 'Live Load' and "Wind Load' at various nodal points of the truss. Assume eaves height 7.0m and 'Normal' permeability



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