

C09-EC-306

3238

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-09) MARCH/APRIL—2016 DECE—THIRD SEMESTER EXAMINATION

CIRCUIT THEORY

Time: 3 hours [Total Marks: 80

PART—A

 $3 \times 10 = 30$

Instructions: (1) Answer **all** questions.

- (2) Each question carries three marks.
- (3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed *five* simple sentences.
- 1. Differentiate between AC and DC.
- 2. Define active and passive elements and give examples.
- 3. Define quality factor in resonance circuit.
- **4.** Write the formula for star-to-delta transformation.
- **5.** Define (a) branch, (b) node, and (c) loop.
- **6.** Write the limitations of Thevenin's theorem.
- **7.** State superposition theorem.
- **8.** Define steady-state and transient response.
- 9. Draw a circuit of high-pass and low-pass RC circuit.
- **10.** Define linear wave shaping.

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Instructions: (1) Answer any five questions.

- (2) Each question carries ten marks.
- (3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.
- **11.** *(a)* Derive the expression for alternating current through series RC circuit and obtain *V-I* relation.
 - (b) A capacitor having C 10 f is connected in series with a resistance of 120 across 100-V, 50-Hz supply. Calculate current, phase angle and power consumed.
- **12.** (a) Distinguish between series and parallel resonance circuits. 4
 - (b) A series circuit R 5 , L 20 mH and a variable capacitance C has an applied voltage with a frequency f 1000 Hz. Find the capacitance for series resonance.
 - (c) Define half-power frequencies.
- **13.** (a) Define the driving-point impedance and transfer impedance.
 - (b) For the network shown in Fig. 1 below, calculate the currents I_1 and I_2 using mesh analysis: 6

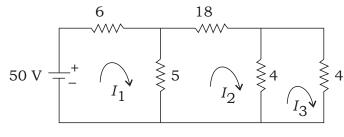
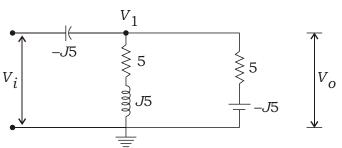


Fig. : 1

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14. (a) For the network shown in Fig. 2 below, find the voltage transfer function V_o/V_i by using Nodal method :



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Fig. 2

- (b) State Kirchhoff's current law and voltage law.
- **15.** (a) State Norton's theorem and give its limitations.
 - (b) Find the current in (2 j3) branch for the network shown in Fig. 3 below using superposition theorem :

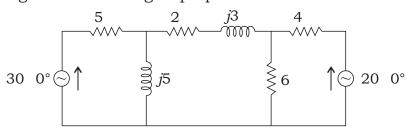


Fig. 3

- **16.** (a) State the maximum power transfer theorem for DC network.
 - (b) Define the reciprocity theorem and give its limitations. 4
 - (c) Explain ideal current source and ideal voltage source briefly.
- **17.** (a) Derive the relation among L1, L2, M and K.
 - (b) Two identical coils with L=0 02 H have a K=0 08. Find two equivalent inductances with the coils connected in series aiding and series opposing.
- **18.** (a) Explain how a low-pass RC circuit works as an integrator. 5
 - (b) Mention the application of a high-pass and a low-pass RC circuit.

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