co9-EC-306

## 3238

## BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-09) OCT/NOV—2017 <br> DECE-THIRD SEMESTER EXAMINATION

## CIRCUIT THEORY

Time : 3 hours ]
[ Total Marks : 80
PART—A
$3 \times 10=30$
Instructions : (1) Answer all questions.
(2) Each question carries three marks.
(3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed five simple sentences.

1. What is the capacitance of a capacitor if a charging current of 100 mA flows when 40 V voltage is applied at a frequency of 50 Hz ?
2. A coil has an inductance of $I H$. If the current flowing through it changes at the rate of $2 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{s}$, what would be the voltage induced in the coil?
3. Distinguish between DC and AC .
4. Find the current $I_{1}$ and voltage $V_{2}$ in the figure shown below :

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5. Determine the number of node voltage equations required to solve the network shown below :

6. A constant current source develops a terminal voltage of 9 V when a $500 \Omega$ resistor is connected across its terminals. What is its terminal voltage when the $500 \Omega$ resistor is replaced by a $1.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ resistor?
7. State maximum power transfer theorem.
8. Give the expression for the reflected impedance of a coupled circuit.
9. Two coils with self-inductances 0.02 H and 0.01 H are coupled with $K=0 \cdot 5$. Calculate their equivalent inductance when they are connected in series aiding.
10. Define time constant of series $R C$ circuit.

PART-B
$10 \times 5=50$
Instructions : (1) Answer any five questions.
(2) Each question carries ten marks.
(3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.
11. (a) Distinguish between series and parallel resonance.
(b) Find the value of inductance which should be connected in series with a capacitor of $5 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ and resistor of $100 \Omega$ and an a.c. source of 50 Hz so that power factor of the circuit is unity.

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12. For the circuit shown below, determine the total current, impedance and phase angle.

13. Determine the power absorbed by $5 \Omega$ resistor in the circuit shown below by using mesh analysis.

14. Compute the mesh currents in the network shown below using driving point impedance and transfer impedance.

15. Obtain Norton equivalent circuit at the terminals $A, B$ for the circuit shown in figure.

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16. Verify the reciprocity theorem in the circuit shown in figure below.

17. The switch in figure is closed at $t=0$.
(a) What is the time constant of the circuit?
(b) Write the equation for $V_{L}(t)$.
(c) Find the value of $V_{L}(t)$ are $t=0.4$.

18. (a) Explain the response of low-pass $R$ - $C$ circuit for a square wave input.
(b) Explain how a high-pass $R$ - $C$ circuit works as a differentiator.
