c14-c-105

## 4019

## BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-14) SEPTEMBER/OCTOBER - 2020 DCE—FIRST YEAR EXAMINATION <br> ENGINEERING MECHANICS

Time : 3 hours ]

PART—A
$3 \times 10=30$
Instructions : (1) Answer all questions.
(2) Each question carries three marks.
(3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed five simple sentences.

1. Define the following terms :
(a) Dynamics
(b) Statics
(c) Kinematics
2. Define force and mention any two characteristics of force.
3. State 'parallelogram law of forces'.
4. Distinguish between centre of gravity and centroid.
5. Locate the position of centroid of the figure trapezium.
6. Find the moment of inertia of hollow circular section whose external diameter is 60 mm and internal diameter is 50 mm about centroidal axis.
7. Define the following terms :
(a) Polar moment of inertia
(b) Radius of gyration
8. State Hooke's law and define the term Young's modulus.
9. Define the following terms :
(a) Modulus of rigidity
(b) Bulk modulus
10. The length of railway track is 30 m at $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Calculate the stress in the rails at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, if no allowance is made for contraction. Take, $E=210 \mathrm{GN} / \mathrm{m}^{2}, \alpha=0.000012$ per ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

PART—B

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10 \times 5=50
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Instructions : (1) Answer any five questions.
(2) Each question carries ten marks.
(3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.
11. (a) State Lami's theorem.
(b) A body of weight 1000 N is suspended by two strings of 4 m and 3 m lengths attached at the same horizontal level 5 m apart. Calculate the forces in the strings.
12. Find the magnitude and direction of resultant force for the following forces acting at a point :
(a) 30 kN due north-east
(b) 40 kN at $60^{\circ}$ east of south
(c) 60 kN at $60^{\circ}$ south of west
(d) 20 kN at $60^{\circ}$ west of north
13. Find the centroid of the unequal angle $200 \mathrm{~mm} \times 150 \mathrm{~mm} \times 12 \mathrm{~mm}$ with its longer leg vertically upwards.
14. Find the moment of inertia of an I-section about its centroid axes with its top flange $60 \mathrm{~mm} \times 10 \mathrm{~mm}$, bottom flange $120 \mathrm{~mm} \times 10 \mathrm{~mm}$ and web $80 \mathrm{~mm} \times 100 \mathrm{~mm}$.
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15. (a) State (i) parallel axis theorem and (ii) perpendicular axis theorem.
(b) For a square lamina of sides 12 mm , calculate the moment of inertia about an axis parallel to base and at a distance of 10 mm above the base.
16. The following observations were made during a tension test on mild steel bar of 20 mm diameter :

Gauge length $=200 \mathrm{~mm}$
Extension at 31.4 kN load $=0.1 \mathrm{~mm}$
Yield load $=88 \mathrm{kN}$
Total extension $=54 \mathrm{~mm}$
Calculate Young's modulus, yield stress and percentage elongation.
17. A reinforced concrete column $300 \mathrm{~mm} \times 300 \mathrm{~mm}$ in section is provided with 8 bars of 20 mm in dia. The column carries an axial load of 600 kN . Find the stress in concrete and steel and also calculate the loads shared by concrete and steel. Take, $m=15$.
18. A load of 50 kN is suddenly applied on a bar 2 m long and $1000 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ in cross-section. What is the maximum instantaneous stress produced? What strain energy is stored, if $E=200 \mathrm{GPa}$ ?

