

c14-c-**303**

4227

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-14) OCT/NOV-2017

DCE—THIRD SEMESTER EXAMINATION

HYDRAULICS

Time : 3 hours]

[Total Marks : 80

PART—A 3×10=30

Instructions : (1) Answer **all** questions.

- (2) Each question carries **three** marks.
- (3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed *five* simple sentences.
- **1.** List out different properties of fluid.
- 2. What is manometer? Write the different types.
- **3.** Define hydrostatics, hydrokinematics and hydrodynamics.
- 4. Define vena-contracta and coefficient of resistance.
- **5.** Water is passing over a rectangular notch 200 mm wide under a constant head of 100 mm. Find the coefficient of discharge, if the water is being collected in the tank at the rate of 11.2 lit/sec.
- 6. List the classifications of weirs.

/4227

www.ManaResults.co.in

- **7.** State Darcy's formula for loss of head due to friction in pipes and state Chezy's formula.
- **8.** A rectangular channel has 50 m² area, if the channel section is to be most economical. Calculate the bed width and depth.
- **9.** List out the classification of turbine according to the direction of flow of water through runner.
- **10.** State the component parts of a hydroelectric power plant.

Instructions : (1) Answer any five questions.

- (2) Each question carries **ten** marks.
- (3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.
- 11. A rectangular plate 3 m long and 1.5 m wide is immersed vertically in water in such a way that its 3 m side is parallel to water surface and its top edge is 2.5 m below the free surface. Find the total pressure and depth of centre of pressure on one side of the plate.
- 12. A vertical tapering pipe has top dia 0.7 m and bottom dia 0.9 m. The water is flowing down in full. The pipe is 6 m long. The frictional loss between top and bottom points may be taken as $0.15 \times$ velocity head at inlet. The velocity at the inlet is 6 m/sec, determine the pressure at top in N/mm². When the pressure head at the bottom is 8.8 m of water.
- **13.** Water flows through a sharp edged circular orifice 7.5 m dia in the side of a tank. The head of water above the centre of the orifice is 1.22 m. The jet passes through a ring whose centre is 1.22 m horizontally and 330 mm vertically from the centre of venacontract. The time required to discharge 66 lit of water was 500 sec. Find the hydraulic coefficient C_c , C_v and C_d .

```
www.ManaResults.co.in
```

/4227

- 14. A rectangular channel 2 m wide has a submerged weir 1 m high. If the depth upstream of the weir is 1.6 m and the water surface drops by 0.35 m passing over the weir. Estimate the discharge assuming C_d as 0.6.
- **15.** A horizontal pipe 150 mm in diameter is suddenly reduced to 75 mm diameter. Water is flowing through the largest to smaller pipe at the rate of 10 lit/sec. What is the loss of energy at the sudden contraction in N-m per minute? Take the coefficient of contraction as 0.64.
- 16. (a) A compound piping system consists of three pipes of lengths 1500 m, 1200 m and 1000 m and of diameters 0.5 m, 0.4 m and 0.3 m respectively are connected, in series convert the system to (i) an equivalent length of 0.4 m dia pipe and (ii) an equivalent size pipe 3700 m long.
 - (b) The bed slope of a river was found to be 0.000146. If the hydraulic mean depth was 2.1 m and the velocity as determined by vertical floats is 0.84 m/s. Find the values of Chezy's and basins constant.
- 17. A rectangular channel has a cross sectional area of 32 m^2 and a bed slope of one in 1200.
 - (a) Find the dimensions of most economical section.
 - (b) Find Chezy's constant for the above section, given kutters constant N as 0.015.
- **18.** Compare the impulse turbine with reaction turbine on ten different aspects.

* * *

³www.ManaResults.co.in

/4227