## C14-EC-401/C14-CHPC-401/C14-PCT-401

## 4455

## BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-14) OCT / NOV-2017 DECE-FOURTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION

**ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS - III** 

Time: 3 Hours ]

[ Total Marks: 80

## PART - A

 $3 \times 10 = 30$ 

Instructions: (1) Answer all questions.

- (2) Each question carries three marks.
- (3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed five simple sentences.
- 1. Solve  $(D^2 + 10D + 25)y = 0$
- 2. Solve  $(D^2 D 1)y = 0$
- 3. Find the particular integral of  $(D^2 + 1)y = \sin 3x$
- 4. Find L(Cos3t.Sin4t)
- 5. Find L(e<sup>-t</sup>Cos5t)
- **6.** If  $Lf(t) = \frac{20-4s}{s^2-4s+20}$ , find L(f(3t))
- 7. Find  $L^{-1} \left( \frac{1}{s^2 3s + 2} \right)$
- **8.** Find the value of  $\alpha_0$  in  $f(x) = x + x^2$  in  $(-\pi, \pi)$  by Fourier series.
- **9.** Write the euler's formulae of Fourier series for a function in  $(-\pi, \pi)$ .
- 10. Find the probability of getting two kings when two cards are drawn from a pack of cards.

PART-B

 $10 \times 5 = 50$ 

Instructions: (1) Answer any five questions.

(2) Each question carries ten marks.

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(3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criteria for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.

11. a) Solve 
$$(D^2 - 6D + 9)y = e^{3x} + 1$$

b) Solve 
$$(D^2 - D + 1)y = Cos2x$$

12. a) Solve 
$$(D^2 - 25)y = x^4$$

b) Solve 
$$(D^2 - D - 6)y = x - \sin 3x$$

b) Find 
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} te^{-3t} \sin t dt$$

- 14. Using Convolution theorem, find  $L^{-1}\frac{1}{\left(s^2+4\right)\left(s^2+25\right)}$
- 15. Find the Fourier series to represent  $f(x) = \left(\frac{\pi x}{2}\right)^2$  in the interval  $(0, 2\pi)$ .
- **16.** Express f(x) = 3x 1 as half-range cosine series in 0 < x < 2.
- 17. a) A batch of 100 Lamps is known to have 4% defectives. If 10 Lamps are chosen at random, find the probability that (i) none is defective (ii) two are defectives.
  - b) The probabilities of a problem being solved by three students are  $\frac{1}{3}$ ,  $\frac{2}{7}$  and  $\frac{2}{5}$ . Find the probability that the problem will be solved if all of them try independently.
- 18. Three boxes numbered I, II, III contain 2 white, 1 black and 3 red balls; 2 white, 5 black and 2 red balls; 4 white, 3 black and 1 red balls respectively. One box is randomly selected and a ball is drawn from it. If the ball is white, then find the probability that is from box III.

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