

C14-EE/CHPP/PET-401

4461

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-14) JUNE—2019

DAEEE—FOURTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION

ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS—III

Time: 3 hours] [Total Marks: 80

PART—A

 $3 \times 10 = 30$

Instructions: (1) Answer **all** questions.

- (2) Each question carries three marks.
- 1. Solve $(D^2 6D + 8)y = 0$.
- 2. Solve $(D^4 18D^2 + 81) y = 0$.
- 3. Find the particular integral for $(D^2 1)y = x^2$.
- **4.** Find $L\{3t^2 + 2\cos 2t + e^{-t}\}$.
- **5.** Find $L\{t^7e^{15t}\}$.
- **6.** Find $L^{-1}\left(\frac{s}{(s+2)(s-1)}\right)$.
- 7. Find $L^{-1} \left(\frac{2s-5}{s^2+4} \right)$.

/4461 1 [Contd...

- 8. Write the formulae for Fourier series of a function f(x) in the interval $[c, c+2\pi]$.
- **9.** Find the constant term in the Fourier series corresponding to $f(x) = x + x^3$ in $(-\pi, \pi)$.
- 10. Find the probability of getting two heads when three coins are tossed.

PART—B $10 \times 5 = 50$

Instructions: (1) Answer any five questions.

- (2) Each question carries **ten** marks.
- **11.** (a) Solve $(D^2 7D + 10)y = 3e^{5x}$.
 - (b) Find the particular integral of $(D^2 + D + 9)y = \sin 3x$.
- **12.** (a) Solve $(D^2 16)y = \cosh x$.
 - (b) Solve $(D^2 + D + 2)y = x^2$.
- **13.** (a) Find $L\{e^t(t^2-6t+7)\}$.
 - (b) Find $L\left\{\frac{1-\cos t}{t}\right\}$.
- **14.** (a) Find $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{s}{(s+1)(s+2)}\right\}$.
 - (b) Using convolution theorem find $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{(s^2+9)(s+3)}\right\}$.
- **15.** Express f(x) = x as a Fourier series in $(-\pi, \pi)$.

/4461 2 [Contd...

- **16.** Obtain the Fourier series to represent $f(x) = \frac{1}{4}(\pi x)^2$ for the interval $(0, 2\pi)$.
- **17.** (a) A committee of two persons is selected from two men and two women. Find the chance that the committee will have (i) no man, (ii) one man.
 - (b) What is the probability that a leap year, selected at random, will have 53 sundays?
- **18.** (a) Two dice are tossed once. Find the probability of getting an even number on the first die or a total of 8.
 - (b) A problem in statistics is given to three students A, B, C whose chances of solving it are $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{4}$ respectively. If they try it independently, what is the probability, that the problem will be solved?

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