

4054

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-14) OCT/NOV-2018

DME—FIRST YEAR EXAMINATION

ENGINEERING MECHANICS

Time: 3 hours [Total Marks: 80

PART—A

 $3 \times 10 = 30$

Instructions: (1) Answer **all** questions.

- (2) Each question carries three marks.
- (3) Answer should be brief and straight to the point and shall and not exceed *five* simple sentences.
- 1. Define resultant force.
- 2. State triangle law of forces.
- **3.** Define limiting force of friction.
- **4.** A body weighing 200 N is placed on a horizontal plane. If the coefficient of friction between the body and the plane is 0·3, determine the horizontal force required to just slide the body on the plane.
- **5.** State parallel axis theorem.
- **6.** Define SHM and give two examples.

2+1=3

- **7.** A body starts with a velocity of 8 m/s with an acceleration of 3 m/s^2 . Find the distance travelled in 8 seconds.
- **8.** Define mechanical advantage and velocity ratio.

 $1\frac{1}{2}+1\frac{1}{2}=3$

- **9.** What is meant by an ideal machine?
- **10.** What is lower pair? Mention two examples.

2+1=3

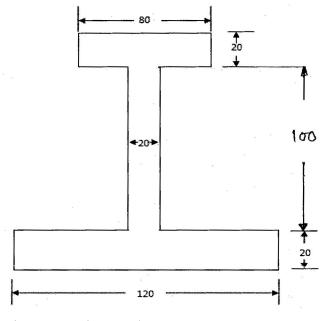
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Instructions: (1) Answer any **five** questions.

- (2) Each question carries ten marks.
- (3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.
- 11. The following forces acting at a point:
 - (a) 50 N towards East
 - (b) 40 N towards North-East
 - (c) 35 N inclined at 30° towards North of West
 - (d) 55 N inclined at 40° towards South of West
 - (e) 30 N towards South-East

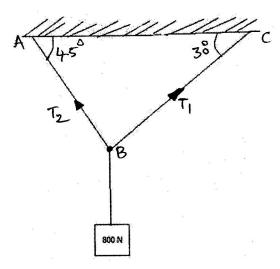
Find the magnitude and direction of resultant force.

- **12.** A body weighing 500 N is dragged up on a plane inclined at 30° to the horizontal. A force of 400 N inclined at 20° with the plane can just move the body up the plane. Find the coefficient of friction.
- **13.** Find the MI of an I-section as shown in the figure about centroidal axes:



(All dimensions are in mm)

- **14.** A body of mass 9 kg is moving along a smooth horizontal plane with a velocity of 15 m/s to the left when it is struck centrally by a bullet of mass 28 grams which passes right through it. The velocity of the bullet changes from 720 m/s to the right before impact to 120 m/s to the right after impact. Determine the velocity of the body just after impact.
- **15.** A flywheel increases its speed from 30 r.p.m. to 60 r.p.m. in 10 seconds. Find the number of revolutions made by the wheel in 10 seconds and its angular acceleration.
- **16.** What load will be lifted by an effort of 12 N if the velocity ratio is 18 and efficiency of the machine at this load is 60%? Determine the law of machine if the effort required is 7 N to run the machine at a load of 90 N.
- **17.** (a) Explain about simple wheel and axle to lift loads by applying effort and derive the equation for velocity ratio. $2\frac{1}{2}+2\frac{1}{2}=5$
 - (b) A weight of 800 N is supported by two strings as shown in figure. Determine the tensions in each string.



18. (a) Explain about any two inversions of four bar chain with neat diagrams.

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(b) Explain perpendicular axis theorem.

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