

## C14-M-401/C14-CHOT-401/C14-RAC-401

# 4477

## BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-14) MARCH/APRIL-2017

### **DME—FOURTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION**

ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-III

Time : 3 hours ] [	Total Marks
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#### PART—A

: 80

3×10=30

**Instructions** : (1) Answer **all** questions.

(2) Each question carries three marks.

**1.** Solve :

**2.** Solve :

$$\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} \quad 7\frac{dy}{dx} \quad 6y \quad 0$$

3. Find the particular integral of

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} \quad 5\frac{dy}{dx} \quad 6y \quad e^{4x}$$

- **4.** Find the Laplace transform of  $t^3$  3t 5
- **5.** Find the Laplace transform of  $\sin 2t \cos 3t$ .
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**6.** Find

$$L^{1} \frac{1}{(s \ 2)^{3}}$$

7. Find the inverse Laplace transform of

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$$\frac{s^2 \quad 3s \quad 4}{s^3}$$

- **8.** Define Fourier series of a function f(x) in the interval  $(c, c \ 2)$ .
- **9.** Find the Fourier constant  $a_o$  for  $x \sin x$  in (, ).
- **10.** A card is drawn from the set of pack of cards. What is the probability that it is not a king?

Instructions : (1) Answer any five questions.

(2) Each question carries **ten** marks.

**11.** (a) Solve :

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 $(D^2 \quad 1)y \quad \cosh 2x$ 

*(b)* Solve :

$$(D^2 \quad 4)y \quad \sin 2x$$

12. (a) Solve :

$$(D^2 \quad 4D \quad 4)y \quad e^x \quad \cos 2x$$

(b) Solve :

 $(D^2 \ 4)y \ x^3$ 

/4477 2 [Contd... WWW.MANARESULTS.CO.IN **13.** (a) State 1st shift theorem and use it to find a Laplace transform of  $e^{-at} \cosh bt$ .

(b) If 
$$L\{f(t)\} = \frac{20 \ 4s}{s^2 \ 4s \ 20}$$
, find  $L\{f(3t)\}$ .

**14.** (a) Find

$$L^{1} \frac{2s}{(s-1)^{3}}$$

(b) Using convolution theorem, find  $L^{-1} = \frac{1}{(s-1)(s-3)}$ .

**15.** Write down Fourier series for f(x) = x in the interval 0 = x = 2.

**16.** Find a Fourier series to represent  $x = x^2$  from x = 1 to x = 1.

**17.** Define the following :

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- (a) Addition theorem on probability
- (b) Multiplication theorem on probability
- (c) Conditional probability
- **18.** Let A and B are two events with  $P(A) = \frac{3}{8}$ ,  $P(B) = \frac{5}{8}$  and  $P(A = B) = \frac{3}{4}$ . Find  $P(A \mid B)$  and  $P(B \mid A)$ .

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