

с14-м-405

# 4481

### BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-14) OCT/NOV—2018 DME—FOURTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION

FLUID MECHANICS & HYDRAULIC MACHINERY

Time: 3 hours]

[Total Marks: 80

### PART-A

 $3 \times 10 = 30$ 

- **Instructions :** (1) Answer **all** questions.
  - (2) Each question carries **three** marks.
  - (3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed *five* simple sentences.
  - **1.** Define the following :
    - (a) Weight Density
    - (b) Specific Gravity
  - **2.** Define buoyancy and buoyant force.
  - **3.** State the reason for high Energy losses in turbulent flow.
  - **4.** State Bernoulli's theorem.
  - **5.** What are the factors responsible for loss of head during flow through pipes.
  - **6.** Define the following :
    - (a) Hydraulic Gradient line
    - (b) Total energy line
  - **7.** A jet of water 20mm diameter discharging 30 litres/sec strikes normally on a fixed flat vertical plate. Determine the force exerted on the plate.

/4481

1

[Contd...

WWW.MANARESULTS.CO.IN

- 8. State three differences between Impulse and reaction turbines.
- **9.** State the function of the following parts of Pelton wheel turbine (a) Runner, (b) Breaking jet.
- **10.** What is the purpose of priming in a Centrifugal pump.

#### PART-B

10×5=50

- *Instructions*: (1) Answer *any* **five** questions.
  - (2) Each questions carries **ten** marks.
  - (3) Answers should be comprehensive and the criteria for valuation are the content but not the length of the answer.
- **11.** (a) Explain the working principle of Bourdon pressure gauge with a neat sketch.

(b) The pressure of water in a pipe line was measured by a simple manometer containing mercury as shown in fig 1. Determine the pressure of water in the pipe in terms of KPa.



12. A venturimeter has an area ratio (inlet of the venturimeter to throat)
9 to 1, larger diameter is 300mm. During the flow, the recorded pressure head in the larger section is 6.5m and that at the throat 4.25m. If the coefficient of discharge, C<sub>d</sub> is 0.99. Find the discharge through the venturimeter.

/4481

[Contd...

### WWW.MANARESULTS.CO.IN

13. The difference in water surface in two reservoirs A and B is 10m and gauge pressure of air space in A is 50 kN/m<sup>2</sup>. They are connected by a single pipe 250m long and 200mm in diameter as shown in the fig. 2. If the friction factor(f) is 0.08, Calculate the discharge.



Fig. 2

- **14.** A jet of water of diameter 7.5cm strikes a symmetrical curved plate at its centre with a velocity of 20 m/s. The curvedplate is moving with a velocity of 8 m/s in the direction of jet. The jet is deflected through an angle of 165°. Find
  - (a) Force exerted by the jet on the plate in the direction of jet
  - (b) Power of the jet
  - (c) Efficiency of the jet
- **15.** (a) Drive an expression for the normal force and work done by the jet on a flat moving plate.

(b) Draw the line diagram of a hydro electric power station and label its main elements.

16. A kaplan turbine runner has an outer diameter of 4.5m and an inner diameter of 2.5m developes kW when running at 140rpm under a head of 20m. The hydraulic effciency is 94% and overall efficiency is 80%. Find the discharge through the turbine, and the guide blade angle at inlet.

3

**17.** A singal cylinder, single acting reciprocating pump has the following specifications.

Plunger diameter = 500mm		Stroke = 300mm
Static lift	= 12m	Speed = 60rpm
Discharge	= 3357 liters/min	
determine	(a) Coefficient of discharge	(b) Slip
(c) Power required to drive the pump, if its efficiency is 85%.		

**18.** Explain the working of Submersible Pump with neat sketch. write the application of submersible Pump.

/4481

\*

## WWW.MANARESULTS.CO.IN