C16-EE-303

## 6239

## BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-16) AUGUST/SEPTEMBER—2021 DEEE - THIRD SEMESTER EXAMINATION ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS

Time: 3 hours [Total Marks: 80

PART—A 3×10=30

Instructions: (1) Answer all questions.

- (2) Each question carries three marks.
- (3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed five simple sentences.
- 1. State the methods for measurement of high resistances.
- 2. Define the terms (a) branch, (b) Loop and (c) Junction.
- 3. State Kirchhoff's laws.
- 4. State superposition theorem.
- 5. Define the terms (a) instantaneous value, (b) cycle and (c) time period of an alternating quantity.
- 6. Derive the relation between voltage and current in a pure capacitive circuit when AC supply is applied.

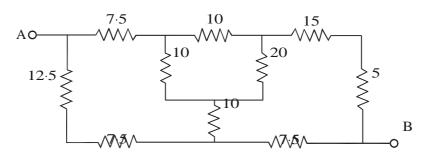
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- 7. Define series resonance and state the expression for resonance frequency.
- 8. Two circuits having impedances of  $Zl = (6 + j8)\Omega$  and  $Z2 = (10 j8)\Omega$  are connected in parallel across an AC supply. Calculate the admittance of the combination.
- 9. Write the relation between line and phase values of current and voltage in 3-phase (i) star connected circuit and (ii) delta connected circuit.
- 10. List any three advantages of 3-phase system over single phase system.

## PART—B

Instructions: (1) Answer any five questions.

- (2) Each question carries ten marks.
- (3) Answers should be comprehensive and criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.
- 11. Explain the method of measurement of earth resistance using earth megger with a diagram.
- 12. (a) Derive an equation for transformation of delta-connected resistance into star-connected resistance.
  - (b) Determine the resistance between the terminals A and B for the circuit shown in the figure.



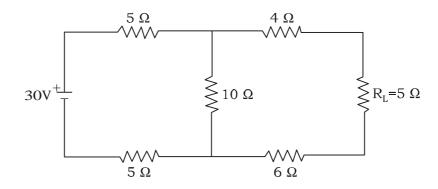
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13. (a) Find the turrent in the load resistance  $R_L$  of the circuit shown below using Norton's theorem.

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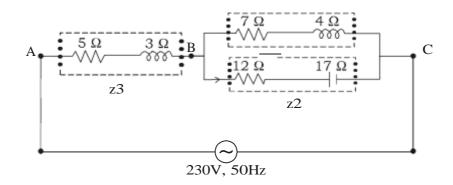
- (b) Derive the relation between the line current and phase current for a balanced delta connected system.
- 14. (a) Derive an expression for average value of a sinusoidal varying quantity. 5
  - (b) Derive the expression for RMS value of a sinusoidal varying quantity.
- 15. A series RLC circuit consists of resistor of 100Ω, inductor of 0·31 H and a capacitor of unknown value when this is energized by 230∠0°, 50 Hz sinusoidal supply, the current was found to be 1·5∠60° amperes. Find (a) value of capacitor, (b) voltage across the inductor and (c) total power consumed.
- 16. (a) The current flowing through a pure inductor is 20 A. Find the inductance and power consumption when the voltage applied across the inductor is V = 200 sin314t.
  - (b) In a series RLC series circuit,  $R=0.5\Omega$ , L=100 mH, C=25  $\mu F$ . Determine the resonance frequency and the corresponding input current when a supply voltage of 30V is applied to the circuit.

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- 17. For the network shown in the figure, determine:
  - (a) The total impedance and admittance.

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- (b) The total current.
- (c) The current in each branch.
- (d) The pf of the whole network.
- (e) Active and reactive power.



18. A 3-phase balanced load consists of resistance  $100\Omega$  and inductive reactance of  $200\Omega$  per phase. Determine line current, power factor and power when they are connected to 440V supply (a) star and (b) delta.

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