7239

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-20)

NOVEMBER/DECEMBER—2022

DECE – THIRD SEMESTER EXAMINATION

ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-II

Time: 3 hours]

PART—A

3×10=30

[Total Marks: 80

Instruction : (1) Answer **all** questions.

*

- (2) Each question carries **three** marks.
- (3) Answers should be brief and straight to the point and shall not exceed five simple sentences.

1. Evaluate
$$\int (x^2 + 2^x) dx$$

2. Evaluate $\int (1 + \sin x) \cos x \, dx$

3. Evaluate
$$\int \frac{\cos \sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{x}} dx$$

4. Evaluate
$$\int e^x (\tan x + \sec^2 x) dx$$

5. Evaluate
$$\int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

6. Evaluate
$$\int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin x \, dx$$

*

/7239

*

1

[Contd...

www.manaresults.co.in

- 7. Find the mean value of the function $f(x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$ in the interval [0,1].
- 8. Find the order and degree of the differential equation $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2 + 2y = 0.$
- **9.** Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x}$
- 10. Find the integrating factor of the linear differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{2y}{x} = \frac{1}{x^2}.$

Instructions : (1) Answer **all** questions.

- (2) Each question carries **eight** marks.
- (3) Answers should be comprehensive and criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.

11. (a) Evaluate $\int \sin^3 x \cos^4 x \, dx$

(**OR**)

(b) Evaluate
$$\int \frac{x+7}{x^2+5x+6} dx$$

12. (a) Evaluate
$$\int \frac{1}{4+5\cos x} dx$$

(**OR**)

(b) Evaluate
$$\int x^4 e^{4x} dx$$

/7239

*

2

[Contd...

www.manaresults.co.in

13. (a) Evaluate
$$\int_0^1 \frac{(\tan^{-1} x)^2}{1+x^2} dx$$

(OR)

(b) Evaluate
$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cos x}{\sin x + \cos x} dx$$

14. (a) Find the area enclosed by the circle $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$ using the method of integration.

(OR)

- (b) Find the RMS value of $f(x) = \sqrt{8 4x^2}$ in the interval [0,1].
- **15.** (a) Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$ about the x-axis.

(OR)

(b) Evaluate $\int_{1}^{3} \frac{1}{x} dx$ using Simpson's $\frac{1}{3}$ rd rule by dividing the interval [1,3] into 8 equal parts.

Instructions : (1) Answer the following question.

- (2) The question carries **ten** marks.
- (3) Answer should be comprehensive and the criterion for valuation is the content but not the length of the answer.

16. Solve
$$(x^3 - 3xy^2)dx + (y^3 - 3x^2y)dy = 0$$
.

/7239

AA22-PDF

www.manaresults.co.in