

Code No: 115AK

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

B.Tech III Year I Semester Examinations, February/March - 2016

ANALOG COMMUNICATIONS

(Electronics and Communication Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

Note: This question paper contains two parts A and B.

Part A is compulsory which carries 25 marks. Answer all questions in Part A.

Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit.

Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c as sub questions.

Part- A**(25 Marks)**

- 1.a) As related to AM, what is over modulation, under modulation and 100% modulation. [2]
- b) Determine the depth of the modulation for AM transmitter which radiates 9kW without modulation and 10.125kW after modulation. [3]
- c) Give the advantages for Single sideband suppressed-carrier modulation. [2]
- d) Give the methods of generating SSB-SC-AM. And mention some applications of SSBSC. [3]
- e) Define the modulation indices of FM and PM. [2]
- f) Give the comparisons between AM and FM. [3]
- g) What is signal-to-noise ratio. [2]
- h) How to achieve threshold reduction in FM receiver. [3]
- i) Explain why some of the information signal is lost during pulse modulation. [2]
- j) Write a note on amplitude limiting. [3]

Part-B**(50 Marks)**

2. Explain the generation of AM signals using square law modulator. [10]
- OR**
3. Discuss the coherent detection of DSB-SC modulated wave with a block diagram of detector and Explain. [10]
 4. Draw the block diagram for the generation and demodulation of a VSB signal and explain the principle of operation. [10]
- OR**
5. In a coherent detection if carrier applied is $\cos(2\pi f_c t + \phi)$ prove that there is a phase error in the output and output consists not only the message signal but also its Hilbert transform. [10]
 6. With a neat block diagram explain the generation of narrow band and wide band FM. [10]
- OR**
7. Derive the expression for the spectrum of a FM signal with single tone modulation. [10]

8. Draw the block diagram of FM demodulator and explain the effect of noise in detail and compare the performance of AM and FM in the presence of noise. [10]

OR

9. With a neat block diagram explain the pre-emphasis and de-emphasis in FM. [10]

10. Draw the block diagram of a super heterodyne receiver and explain its operation? What are the advantages of this receiver? [10]

OR

11. What is Automatic Gain Controlling radio receiver? What are the different types of AGC, explain in detail? [10]

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