## Code No: 126AP

# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD B.Tech III Year II Semester Examinations, May - 2016 **DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS**

(Computer Science and Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 75 **Note:** This question paper contains two parts A and B. Part A is compulsory which carries 25 marks. Answer all questions in Part A. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c as sub questions. PART - A **(25 Marks)** 1.a) List the services provided by multiple servers, proxy servers and peer processes. [2] b) Define types of failures. What is meant by byzantine failure? [3] Define bully algorithm. [2] c) Define the definition of the critical section. d) [3] List the differences between TCP and UDP. e) [2] f) State client-server communication. [3] Explain name resolution. [2] g) Explain other aspects in the Andrew file system. h) [3] Explain recovery of nested transactions. i) [2] Define distributed deadlock? i) [3] PART - B **(50 Marks)** Describe the advantages and disadvantages of the HTML, URL and HTTP as core 2.a) technologies for information browsing. Discuss how distributed systems are more scalable than the centralized systems. [5+5] b) OR 3.a) Demonstrate the design requirements for distributed architectures. Explain how events are ordering in real-time with neat sketch. b) [5+5]4.a) Explain different kinds of problems that are associated with the coordination and agreement in distributed systems. Explain how election is done when any particular system crashes? b) [5+5]5.a) Differentiate failure assumptions and failure detectors. Illustrate an example execution of the ring- based algorithm to show that processes are b) not necessarily granted entry to the critical section in happened-before order. [5+5]

6.a)	Explain	RPC with	n a neat ex	xample.
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b) Discuss about the communication between distributed objects in RMI.

[5+5]

#### OR

- 7.a) Explain the implementation of the RMI and distributed garbage collection.
  - b) Define the interface to the election service in the CORBA IDL, and JAVA RMI. Note that CORBA IDL provides type long for 32-bit integers. Compare the methods in the two languages for specifying input and output arguments. [5+5]
- 8.a) Explain sequential consistency and IVY in detail.

b) Discuss in detail about Munin.

[5+5]

### OR

- 9.a) Explain directory and discovery services.
  - b) Explain release consistency with an example.

[5+5]

- 10.a) Define deadlock? And explain how deadlocks are occurred and recovered in the distributed systems?
  - b) Explain with an example how two transactions are interleaved which are serially equivalent at each server but is not serially equivalent globally? [5+5]

#### OR

- 11.a) Distinguish all the locking protocols in distributed transactions.
  - b) Discuss the edge-chasing algorithm. Give examples to show that it could detect phantom deadlocks. [5+5]

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