

I B. Tech II Semester Supplementary Examinations, April/May - 2019
MATHEMATICAL METHODS

(Com. to ECE, IT, ME, CHEM, BME, E Com E, PCE, PT & MM)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

Answer any **FIVE** Questions
All Questions carry **Equal** Marks

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1. a) Find the rank of  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -2 & -4 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 & -2 \\ 6 & 3 & 0 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$  using echelon form. (8M)
1. b) Using Gauss elimination method, solve  $x - y + 2z = 4$ ,  $3x + y + 4z = 6$ ,  $x + y + z = 1$ . (7M)
2. a) Find the eigen values and the corresponding eigen vectors of  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ . (8M)
2. b) Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem for  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$  and find  $A^{-1}$ . (7M)
3. Reduce the quadratic form  $2x^2 + 2y^2 + 2z^2 - 2xy + 2zx - 2yz$  to canonical form using orthogonal transformation. Also find signature and rank of the quadratic form. (8M)
4. a) Find a positive root of  $x^3 - x - 1 = 0$  correct to 3 decimal places by bisection method. (8M)
4. b) Find an approximate root of the equation  $(x-1)\sin x - x = 1$  using Newton-Raphson method. (7M)
5. a) Find  $f(2.5)$  using Newton's forward formula from the following table: (8M)

|   |   |   |    |    |     |     |      |
|---|---|---|----|----|-----|-----|------|
| x | 0 | 1 | 2  | 3  | 4   | 5   | 6    |
| y | 0 | 1 | 16 | 81 | 256 | 625 | 1296 |
5. b) Prove that  $\Delta \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{n-1}{n}\right) = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2n^2}\right)$ . (7M)
6. a) The velocity  $v$  of a particle moving in a straight line covers a distance  $x$  in time  $t$ . (8M)  
Find  $f'(15)$ , given the following data.

|   |    |    |    |    |    |
|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| x | 0  | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 |
| t | 45 | 60 | 65 | 54 | 42 |

6. b) Evaluate  $\int_0^{0.6} \sqrt{1+x^4} dx$  using Simpson's 3/8 rule. (7M)

7. a) Using Runge-kutta method of second order to find  $y$  when  $x = 0.3$  in steps of 0.1, (8M)  
given that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2}(1+x)y^2$ ,  $y(0) = 1$ .
- b) Use Milne's method to find  $y(0.3)$  from  $y' = x^2 + y^2$ ,  $y(0) = 1$ . Find the initial values (7M)  
 $y(-0.1)$ ,  $y(0.1)$  and  $y(0.2)$  from Taylor's series method.
8. Fit a least square curve of the form  $y = ab^x$  for the following data. (15M)

|   |   |   |   |    |    |    |
|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|
| x | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4  | 7  | 10 |
| y | 3 | 7 | 9 | 12 | 14 | 18 |