

**I B. Tech II Semester Supplementary Examinations, November - 2021**  
**MATHEMATICS-III**  
 (Com. to all branches)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

- Note: 1. Question paper consists of two parts (**Part-A** and **Part-B**)  
 2. Answering the question in **Part-A** is Compulsory  
 3. Answer any **THREE** Questions from **Part-B**

**PART -A**

1. a) Prove that if  $\lambda$  is an eigen values of a matrix A then  $1/\lambda$  is an Eigen value of  $A^{-1}$ . (4M)
- b) If the eigen values of the matrix corresponding to a quadratic form are 2, -3 and 5, then what are the index, signature and nature of the quadratic form? (3M)
- c) Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \int_0^x e^x dx dy$ . (4M)
- d) Evaluate  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^{11/2} x dx$ . (3M)
- e) If  $\vec{r} = x\vec{i} + y\vec{j} + z\vec{k}$  then find the  $\nabla^2 \left( \frac{1}{r} \right)$ . (4M)
- f) Evaluate, if  $\vec{r} = x\vec{i} + y\vec{j} + z\vec{k}$ ,  $\int_S \vec{r} \times \vec{n} dS$ . of 2 (4M)

**PART -B**

2. a) Find the rank of the matrix by reducing it to normal form  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & -3 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  (8M)
- b) Apply Gauss-Jacobi method to solve the equations  $27x+6y-z=85$ ;  $x+y+54z=40$ ;  $6x+15y+2z=72$ . (8M)
3. a) Find the eigenvalues and the corresponding eigen vectors of  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -3 & -3 \\ 2 & 4 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ . (8M)
- b) Using Cayley-Hamilton theorem, find  $A^{-1}$ , where  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & -2 \\ 2 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . (8M)
4. a) Find the perimeter of the loop of the curve  $3ay^2 = x(x-a)^2$ . (8M)
- b) Evaluate  $\iint (x+y) dx dy$ , over the region in the positive quadrant bounded by the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ . (8M)

5. a) Express the integral  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^c}{c^x} dx$  in terms of Gamma function. (8M)
- b) Evaluate  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^{5/2} \cos^{3/2} dx$ . (8M)
6. a) Find the directional derivative of  $\phi = x^2 yz + 4xz^2$  at  $(1, -2, -1)$  in the direction of  $2\bar{i} - \bar{j} - 2\bar{k}$ . (8M)
- b) Prove that  $\nabla \times \left( \frac{\bar{A} \times \bar{r}}{r^n} \right) = \frac{(2-n)\bar{A}}{r^n} + \frac{n(\bar{r} \cdot \bar{A})\bar{r}}{r^{n+2}}$ . (8M)
7. a) If  $\bar{F} = 4xz\bar{i} - y^2\bar{j} + yz\bar{k}$ , evaluate  $\int_S \bar{F} \cdot \bar{n} ds$  where S is the surface of the cube (8M)  
bounded by  $x = 0, x = a, y = 0, y = a, z = 0, z = a$ .
- b) Evaluate  $\int_C (x^2 + xy)dx + (x^2 + y^2)dy$ , where C is the square formed by the lines (8M)  
 $x = 1, x = -1, y = 1, y = -1$ .