### Subject Code: R13207/R13

# I B. Tech II Semester Regular Examinations August - 2014 MATHEMATICS-II (MATHEMATICAL METHODS)

(Common to CE, ME, CSE, PCE, IT, Chem E, Aero E, Auto E, Min E, Pet E, Metal E) Max. Marks: 70

### Time: 3 hours

Question Paper Consists of Part-A and Part-B Answering the question in **Part-A** is Compulsory, Three Questions should be answered from Part-B \*\*\*\*\*

### **PART-A**

- Write iterative scheme to find the  $n^{th}$  root of a real number K(>0). 1.(i)
  - (ii) Find  $\Delta \log f(x)$ .
  - (iii) Find half range Fourier sine series of  $f(x) = e^x$  in (0, 1).
  - (iv) Prove that  $Z(\sinh nt) = \frac{z \sinh t}{z^2 2z \cosh t + 1}$ .
  - Using Euler's method, find the value of y(0.5) (take h = 0.25) and compare with the exact (v) solution of the equation y' = x + y, y(0) = 1
  - (vi) If  $F_p$  is complex Fourier transform of f(x), then find the complex Fourier transform of  $f(x) \sin ax$ .

[3+3+3+3+5+5]

#### PART – B

- 2.(a) Using Newton-Raphson method find the root of the equation  $x + log_{10}x = 3.375$  correct to four decimal places.
  - (b) The population of a town in the decimal census is given below. Estimate the population of a town for the year 1895

Year X	1971	1981	1991	2001	2011
Population Y	146	166	181	193	201

[8+8]

- Find positive root of  $x^3 5x + 3 = 0$  using Regula falsi method up to 4 steps. 3.(a)
  - Using Lagrange's interpolation formulae find the value of y (12) from the data (b)

Х	5	7	9	13
Y	11	13	18	27

[8+8]

- 4.(a) Solve  $y' = x^2 y + 1$ , y(0)=1 using Taylors method up to  $3^{rd}$  degree term and compute y(0.1).
  - (b) Find the fourier series of  $f(x) = x \sin x \operatorname{in} (-\pi, \pi)$ .

[8+8]

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5.(a) Find half range cosine series of 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ -1, & \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi \end{cases}$$

(b) Use Runge-Kutta 4<sup>th</sup> to compute y(1.25) given that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x^2 + y}{x}$ , y(1) = 2

- 6.(a) Find Fourier transform  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } |x| \le 1 \\ 0 & \text{if } |x| > 1 \end{cases}$ .
  - (b) Find Z-transform of  $n a^n$ .

[8+8]

[8+8]

- 7.(a) Find Fourier sine transform of  $e^{-x}$  and hence deduce the inversion formula.
  - (b) Solve the difference equation  $u_{n+2} u_n = 2^n$ ,  $u_0 = 0$ ,  $u_1 = 1$ , using Z- transforms.

[8+8]

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Set No - 1

### Subject Code: R13207/R13 I B. Tech II Semester Regular Examinations August - 2014 MATHEMATICS-II (MATHEMATICAL METHODS)

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### Time: 3 hours

Question Paper Consists of Part-A and Part-B Answering the question in **Part-A** is Compulsory, Three Questions should be answered from Part-B \*\*\*\*\*

#### **PART-A**

1.(i) Using bisection method find the first four approximations to the real root of  $3x = e^x$ .

(ii) Prove that 
$$\Delta(\frac{1}{f(x)}) = \frac{-\Delta f(x)}{f(x)f(x+1)}$$
.

- (iii) If  $Z(n^2) = \frac{z^2 + z}{(z-1)^3}$  find  $Z(n^3)$ .
- (iv) Find the Half range Fourier sine series of f(x) = |x| in (0, 1).
- (v) If y' = 2x y, y(1) = 3, find the solution, up to third degree term, using Picard's method.

(vi) Prove 
$$F[x^n f(x)] = (-i)^n \frac{d^n}{dp^n} [F(p)].$$

[3+3+3+3+5+5]

#### PART - B

- 2.(a) Using Newton – Raphson method, find a root of the equation 2x- 3sinx = 5 near x=5 correct to three decimal places.
  - Given that f(6500) = 80.8084, f(6510) = 80.6846, f(6520) = 80.7456, f(6530) = 80.8084, (b) find f(6526) using Gauss backward interpolation formula.
- 3.(a) Find a positive root of  $2x = 3 + \cos x$  by using Newton-Raphson method correct to three decimal places. (Use Bisection method for the first approximation).
  - Using Lagrange's Interpolation formula for the value of y(6) given the following (b) table

Х	1	2.5	5	7
Y	2.25	4.13	7.25	9.0

[8+8]

[8+8]

[8+8]

- Solve y' = y + x, y(0) = 1 using Picard's method up to third approximation and hence 4.(a) find the value of y(0.1).
  - (b) Find the Fourier expansion of  $f(x) = x \cos x$ ,  $0 < x < 2\pi$ .
- Find half range cosine series of  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 < x < 1 \\ -1, & 1 < x < 2 \end{cases}$ . 5.(a)
  - Find y(0.1) using 4<sup>th</sup> order Runge-Kutta method given that  $y' = x + x^2 y$ , y(0) = 1. (b)

### [8+8]

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11.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1

# Set No - 2

- 6.(a) Find the Fourier transform of  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{|x|}}$ .
  - (b) Find Z-transform of  $n^2 e^{n\theta}$ .
- 7.(a) Find Fourier cosine transform of  $\frac{1}{1+x^2}$  and hence find Fourier sine transform of  $\frac{x}{1+x^2}$ .
  - (b) Solve y(n+2) + 3y(n+1) + 2y(n) = 0, y(0) = 0, y(1) = 1 using Z-Transform.

[8+8]

[8+8]

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Max. Marks: 70

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### Time: 3 hours

Question Paper Consists of **Part-A** and **Part-B** Answering the question in **Part-A** is Compulsory, Three Questions should be answered from **Part-B** \*\*\*\*\*

### PART-A

- 1.(i) Find reciprocal of a real number 19 using Regula falsi method.
  - (ii) Expand the shift operator E in terms of exponential function.
  - (iii) Employ Taylor's method to obtain the values of y(1.1) for the differential equation  $y' = xy^{1/3}$ , y(1) = 1.
  - (iv) A sinusoidal voltage  $E \cos \omega t$  is passed through a half wave rectifier which clips the negative portion of the wave. Develop the resulting periodic function

$$u(t) = \begin{cases} 0 , -\frac{T}{2} < t < 0 \\ E \cos \omega t, 0 < t < \frac{T}{2} \end{cases}, T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega} \text{ as Fourier series.} \end{cases}$$

(v) Prove that  $F_s\left[\frac{d}{dx}F(x)\right] = -pF_c(p)$ 

11.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1

(vi) Find the Z-transform of sin((n+1)t).

[3+3+3+5+3+5]

### <u> PART – B</u>

- 2.(a) By using Regula-Falsi method for a real root of  $xe^x = 2$  up to 4 stages.
- (b) Using a forward difference formula, find y(11) from the given table

Х	1	6	11	16	21	26
Y	5	10	14	18	24	32

[8+8]

- 3.(a) Using Newton-Raphson formula, find the root of  $e^x x^3 + \cos 25x = 0$  around x = 4.5 correct to 3 decimal places.
  - (b) Using Lagrange's Interpolation formula, find the value y(2) given the following table of values

Х	1	1.1	1.4	1.8	
Y	2	4	8	11	

[8+8]

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- 4.(a)
- Using Euler's method, solve for y (0.6) from y' = -2xy, y(0) = 1 using step size 0.2. Find the Fourier series of  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & , -\pi < x < 0 \\ \frac{\pi}{4}, & 0 < x < \pi \end{cases}$ . (b) [8+8]
- Represent the function as Fourier cosine series  $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\pi}{2} , & 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ \pi x, & \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi \end{cases}$ . 5.(a)

(b) Use Runge-Kutta 4<sup>th</sup> order to compute y(1.2) for the equation  $y' = \frac{x^2 + y}{x}$ , y(1) = 2. [8+8]

- Find the Fourier cosine transform of  $\frac{e^{-ax}}{r}$ . 6.(a)
  - (b) Find  $Z^{-1} \left| \frac{8z z^3}{(4 z)^3} \right|$ .
- Find Fourier cosine transform of  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } |x| \le a \\ 0 & \text{if } |x| > a \end{cases}$ . 7.(a)
  - (b) Solve  $u_{n+2} 6u_{n+1} + 9u_n = 0$  using Z-transform.

[8+8]

[8+8]

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> Question Paper Consists of **Part-A** and **Part-B** Answering the question in **Part-A** is Compulsory, Three Questions should be answered from **Part-B** \*\*\*\*\*

### PART-A

- 1.(i) Evaluate  $\sqrt[4]{29}$  to four decimal places by Newton-Raphson method.
  - (ii) If the interval of differencing is unity, find  $\Delta^2 \sin(px+q)$ .
  - (iii) Using Taylor's series method obtain y(0.2) for the differential equation  $y' + 2y = 3e^{2x}$ , y(0) = 0.
  - (iv) Find the Fourier series of  $f(x) = |\cos x|$  in  $(-\pi, \pi)$ .

(v) Find Fourier transform of 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & |x| < a \\ 0, & |x| > a \end{cases}$$

(vi) Prove that  $Z(\cos nt) = \frac{z(z-\cos t)}{z^2 - 2z\cos t + 1}$ .

[3+3+3+3+5+5]

### <u> PART – B</u>

- 2.(a) Find a real root of  $x^3 4x 9 = 0$  using Bisection method up to 4 stages.
  - (b) Using Gauss Backward difference polynomial, find y(5) given that

Х	0	4	6	8	10
Y	5	11	13	15	17

[8+8]

- 3.(a) Using Newton-Raphson method, find a positive root of  $\cos x x e^x = 0$  up to four decimal places.
  - (b) Using Lagrange's Interpolation, find f(12), given that

Х	3	7	9	13
Y	5	12	13	21

[8+8]

- 4.(a) Using Euler's method, solve for y (0.4) from y' = 2xy, y(0) = 1 using step size 0.2.
  - (b) Find the Fourier series of periodicity 2 for  $f(x) = x + x^2$  in 0 < x < 2.

[8+8]

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5.(a) Represent the function as Fourier sine series  $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\pi}{2} , & 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ \pi - x, & \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi \end{cases}$ .

- (b) Estimate y(0.2), given y' = 3x + y, y(0) = 1 using Runge-Kutta 4<sup>th</sup> order.
- 6.(a) Find Fourier cosine transform of  $\frac{e^{-ax}}{x}$ .
- (b) Find the Z-transform of  $\{x(n)\} = n z^n$
- 7.(a) Find Fourier transform of  $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2a}, & |x| \le a \\ 0, & |x| > a \end{cases}$ .
  - (b) Solve  $u_{n+2}-u_n = 2^n, u_0 = 0, u_1 = 1$  using Z-transform.

[8+8]

[8+8]

[8+8]

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