

**I B. Tech II Semester Supplementary Examinations, April/May - 2019****NETWORK ANALYSIS**

(Com. to ECE, EIE, E Com E)

Time: 3 hours

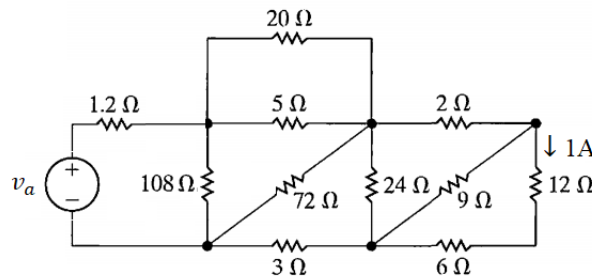
Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (**Part-A** and **Part-B**)2. Answering the question in **Part-A** is Compulsory3. Answer any **THREE** Questions from **Part-B****PART -A**

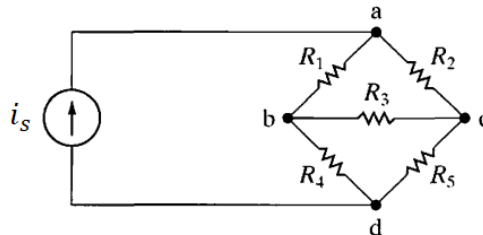
1. a) State Ohms law and write the  $v - i$  equations of L and C elements. (4M)
- b) What is the phase angle of a coil having a resistance equal to half its inductive reactance? (3M)
- c) Show that the power factor of a series RLC circuit is unity when it is in a state of resonance. (3M)
- d) Describe Reciprocity theorem with example. (4M)
- e) Draw a diagram to represent two two-port networks connected in cascade and parallel. (4M)
- f) Why there could be periods of transient operation in inductive and capacitive circuits when the switches in this circuit are operated? (4M)

**PART -B**

2. a) If the current in the  $12\ \Omega$  resistor in the following given circuit is 1 A, as shown find (i) source voltage  $v_a$  and, (ii) power absorbed by  $20\ \Omega$  resistor. (6M)

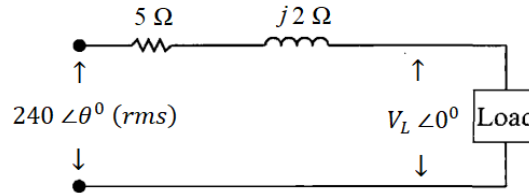


- b) Assume that current  $i_s$  in the following given circuit is known and the resistors  $R_1$  to  $R_5$  are also known (5M)

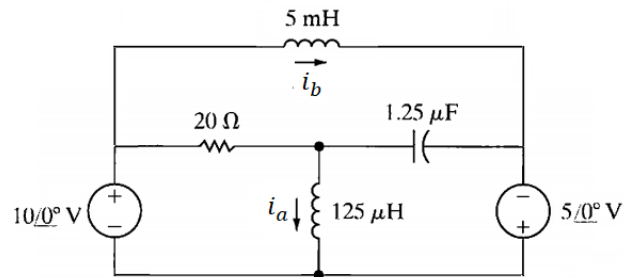


- (i) How many unknown currents are there?
- (ii) How many independent equations can be written using Kirchhoff's current law (KCL)?
- (iii) Write an independent set of KCL equations.

- c) How do you construct cut set matrix? Describe with suitable example. (5M)
3. a) For the circuit shown in the following figure, find the  $V_L(\text{rms})$  and  $\theta$  if the load absorbs 2000 VA at a lagging power factor of 0.85. Also construct the phasor diagram for the solution obtained. (8M)



- b) Use the mesh-current method to find the  $i_a$  and  $i_b$  in the following circuit. (8M)

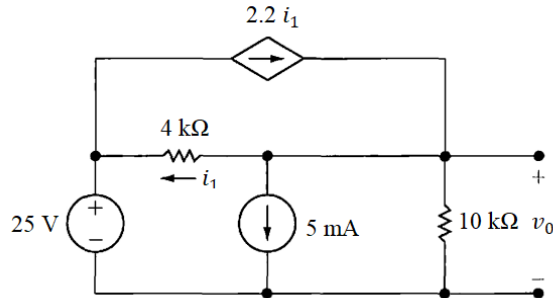


4. a) Show that the equivalent inductance of parallel connected two magnetically coupled coils having self-inductances  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  with mutual inductance  $M$  is (assume the suitable dot convention for the circuit) (5M)

$$L_{eq} = \frac{L_1 L_2 - M^2}{L_1 + L_2 - 2M}$$

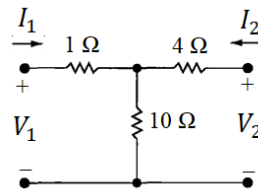
- b) A series circuit consists of a  $40 \Omega$  resistor, a  $0.5 \text{ H}$  inductor and a variable capacitor connected across a  $100 \text{ V}$ ,  $50 \text{ Hz}$  supply. Calculate (a) the value of the capacitance required to give resonance, (b) the voltages across the resistor and inductor at resonance, and (c) the Q-factor of the circuit. (6M)
- c) Derive the expression for the bandwidth (B) of parallel resonant circuit in terms of the angular resonant frequency ( $\omega_0$ ) and the Q-factor. (5M)
5. a) Explain in detail how do you use Tellegen's theorem with suitable example. (6M)

- b) By using the principle of superposition, find the  $v_0$  in the following circuit. (10M)



6. a) Describe, which two of the ABCD parameters are always equal in symmetrical two-port networks. (4M)

- b) Find the z and y parameters for the following given circuit. (12M)



7. The switch in the circuit in following figure has been in position 'a' for a long time. At,  $t = 0$  the switch moves instantaneously from 'a' to position 'b', as shown (16M)

- Construct the s-domain circuit for  $t > 0$
- Find  $V_0$  and  $I_L$
- Find  $v_0$  for  $t > 0$
- Find  $i_L$  for  $t \geq 0$

