## I B. Tech II Semester Supplementary Examinations, November - 2021 NETWORK ANALYSIS

(Com. to ECE, EIE, E Com E)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)

2. Answering the question in **Part-A** is Compulsory

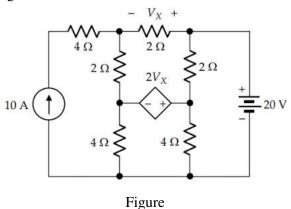
3. Answer any **THREE** Questions from **Part-B** 

## PART -A

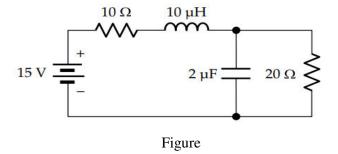
- 1. a) What is the difference between active and passive element? (3M)
  - b) Given  $v(t) = 20 \cos(\omega t 45^{\circ})$  V and  $i(t) = 10 \sin(\omega t 80^{\circ})$  A, determine which variable leads the other and by what angle.
  - c) How do you use dot convention for ideal transformer circuit? (4M)
  - d) Describe briefly Reciprocity theorem with an example? (4M)
  - e) Define h-parameters? How do you obtain inverse h-parameters? (4M)
  - f) Obtain the natural response of RC series circuit? (4M)

## PART -B

2. a) By using the mesh analysis determine all branch currents and voltage,  $V_X$  of the (8M) circuit shown in figure.



b) (i) Derive the dual of the circuit of figure, (ii) represent the two circuits in the dc steady state; (iii) compare voltage division in the given circuit with current division in the dual circuit; (iv) compare the power delivered or absorbed by each circuit element in the two circuits.

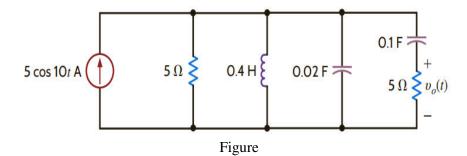


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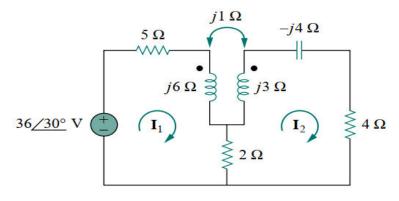
a) In the circuit shown in the figure, Find  $v_o(t)$ . 3.

(8M)

(8M)

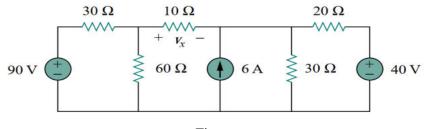


- b) For each of the following cases, find the complex power, the average power, and (8M) the reactive power:
  - (i)  $v(t) = 112\cos(\omega t + 10^{\circ}) \text{ V},$  $i(t) = 4\cos(\omega t - 50^\circ) A$
- (ii)  $v(t) = 160 \cos 377t \text{ V}$ ,  $i(t) = 4\cos(377t + 45^{\circ}) \text{ A}$
- (iii)
- $V = 80/60^{\circ} \text{ V rms}, Z = 50/30^{\circ} \Omega$  (iv)  $I = 10/60^{\circ} \text{ V rms}, Z = 100/45^{\circ} \Omega$
- 4. a) Find I<sub>1</sub> and I<sub>2</sub> in the circuit of below figure. Calculate the power absorbed by the 4 (8M) $\Omega$  resistor.



Figure

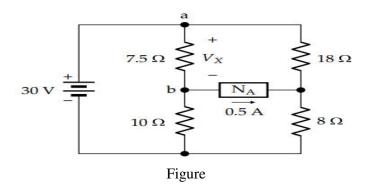
- b) It is expected that a parallel *RLC* resonant circuithas a mid-band admittance of 25 (8M) $\times$  10<sup>3</sup> S, qualityfactor of 80, and a resonant frequency of 200 krad/s. Calculate the values of R, L, and C. Find the bandwidth and the half-power frequencies.
- a) Use superposition to obtain  $V_x$  in the circuit shown in figure. 5.



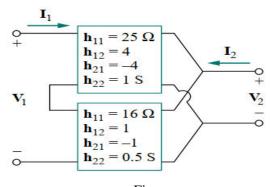
Figure

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b) Determine  $V_X$  and maximum power transfer across the terminals 'ab', as shown in the figure, by deriving thevenin's equivalent circuit, where ' $N_A$ ' in the circuit that passes a current of 0.5 A.

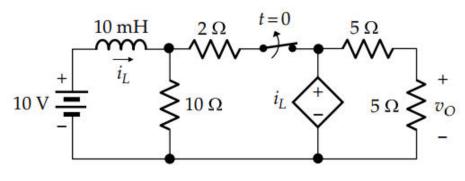


- 6. a) For a two-port, let A = 4, B = 30, C = 0.1 S,and D = 1.5. Calculate the input impedance  $Z_{in} = V_1/I_1$ , when, (i) the output terminals are short-circuited, (ii) the output port is open-circuited, (iii) the output port is terminated by a  $10-\Omega$  load.
  - b) A series-parallel connection of two two-ports is shown in figure. Determine the zparameterrepresentation of the network. (8M)



Figure

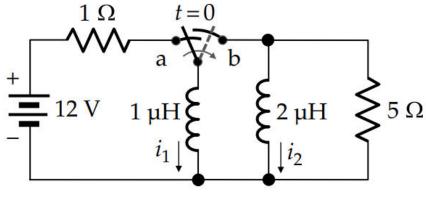
7. a) The switch in figure is opened at t = 0 after being closed for a long time. (8M) Determine  $I_L(0+)$  and  $v_o(t)$ 



Figure

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b) The switch in figure is moved to position 'b' at t = 0 after being in position 'a' for (8M) a long time. Determine the final values of  $i_1$  and  $i_2$ 



Figure