



I B. Tech II Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, April/May - 2018 MATHEMATICS-III

(Com. to CE,CSE,IT,AE,AME,EIE,EEE,ME,ECE,Metal E,Min E,E Com E,Agri E,Chem E,PCE,PE)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)
2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A
3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

PART -A

1.	a)	Write the working procedure to reduce the given matrix into Echelon form.	(2M)
	b)	Find the Eigen value of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$.	(2M)
	c)	Find the point of the curve $r = a (1 + \cos \theta)$ where tangent coincide with the radius	(2M)
		vector.	
	d)	Evaluate $\int_{1}^{2} \int_{3}^{4} (xy + e^y) dxdy$	(2M)
	e)	Show that $\Gamma(n+1) = n\Gamma(n)$ for $n > 0$	(2M)
	f)	Find grad ϕ where $\phi = x^3 + y^3 + 3xyz$ at (1,1,-2)	(2M)

g) Find the work done in moving particle in the force field $\overline{F} = 3x^2 \overline{i} + \overline{j} + z\overline{k}$ along the (2M) straight line (0, 0, 0) to (2, 1, 3).

PART -B

2. a) Reduce the matrix
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & -3 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 in to normal form hence find the rank. (7M)

b) If consistent, solve the system of equations.

x + y + z + t = 4 x - z + 2t = 2 y + z - 3t = -1x + 2y - z + t = 3.

3. a) Determine the diagonal matrix orthogonally similar to the matrix. (7M)

- $A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$
- b) Find the Nature , index and signature of the quadratic form (7M) $10x^2 + 2y^2 + 5z^2 4xy 10xz + 6yz$

4. a) By change of order of integration evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{a} \int_{x}^{a} (x^{2} + y^{2}) dy dx$$
 (7M)

b) Evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{\pi/2} \int_{0}^{a \sin \theta} \int_{0}^{(a^2 - r^2)/a} r \, dr \, d\theta \, dz$$
 (7M)

5. a) Evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} 3^{-4x^2} dx$$
 (7M)

b) Show that
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \sin x^{2} dx = \int_{0}^{\infty} \cos x^{2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}$$
 (7M)

6. a) Show that
$$\overline{f} = r^n \left(\overline{a} \times \overline{r}\right)$$
 is solenoidal where $\overline{a} = a_1 \overline{\iota} + a_2 \overline{j} + a_3 \overline{k}$ and (7M)
 $\overline{r} = x\overline{\iota} + y\overline{j} + z\overline{k}$

b) Prove that
$$\nabla \left(r \nabla \left(\frac{1}{r^3} \right) \right) = \frac{3}{r^4}$$
 (7M)

7. a) Verify stoke's theorem for $\overline{F} = y\overline{i} + z\overline{j} + x\overline{k}$ for the upper part of the sphere (7M) $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1.$

b) Verify Green's theorem in the plane for $\oint_c (xy + y^2) dx + x^2 dy$. Where *c* is the (7M) closed curve of the region bounded by $y=x & y=x^2$

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$(\mathbf{R16})$

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(2M)

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PART –A

1. a) Write the working procedure to reduce the given matrix into Normal form.

b)	Write quadratic form $x^2 + 3y^2 + 3z^2 - 2yz$	(2M)			
c)	Write the tangents at the origin of the curve $a^2y^2 = x^2(a^2 - x^2)$.	(2M)			
d)	Evaluate $\int_{0}^{1} \int_{0}^{1} \int_{0}^{1} dx dy dz$	(2M)			
e)	Prove that $\beta(m,n) = \int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{2m-1}\theta \cos^{2n-1}\theta d\theta$	(2M)			
f)	Find the maximum value of the directional derivative of $\phi = 2x^2 - y - z^4$ at	(2M)			
	(2,-1,1)				
g)	Write Stoke's theorem.	(2M)			
<u>PART -B</u>					

2. a) For what value of k the matrix A =
$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 4 & -3 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ k & 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 9 & 9 & k & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 has rank 3. (7M)

b) Solve the following system of equations 4x + 11y - z = 33 by using. 6x + 3y + 12z = 35(7M)

Gauss – Seidel method.

- 3. a) Determine the characteristic roots and the corresponding characteristic vectors of (7M) the matrix.
 - $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 10 & 5 \\ -2 & -3 & -4 \\ 3 & 5 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$
 - b) Find the Nature , index and signature of the quadratic form (7M) $4x^2+3y^2+z^2-8xy+4xz-6yz$

- 4. a) Trace the curve $r^2 = a^2 \cos 2\theta$ (7M)
 - b) Evaluate $\int \int (x^2 + y^2) dx dy$ over the area bounded by the Ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ (7M)

5. a) Evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} a^{-bx^{2}} dx \ b > 0, a > 1$$
 (7M)

b) Show that
$$\int_{0}^{1} x^{m} (\log x)^{n} dx = \frac{(-1)^{n} n!}{(m+1)^{n+1}}$$
(7M)

- 6. a) Find the constants 'a' and 'b' such that the surfaces $5x^2-2yz-9x=0$ and $ax^2y+bz^3=4$ (7M) cuts orthogonally at (1,-1,2)
 - b) Show that the vector $(x^2 yz)\overline{i} + (y^2 zx)\overline{j} + (z^2 xy)\overline{k}$ is irrotational and find (7M) its scalar potential.
- 7. a) If $\tilde{f} = (3x^2 2z)\tilde{i} 4xy\tilde{j} 5x\tilde{k}$ Evaluate $\int_{V} Cur \bar{F} dv$, where v is volume bounded by (7M) the planes x = 0; y = 0; z = 0 and 3x + 2y 3z = 6.
 - b) Evaluate $\int_{c} \cos y \, dx + x(1 \sin y) \, dy$ over a closed curve c given by $x^2 + y^2 = 1$; z = 0 (7M) using Green's theorem.

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PART –A

- 1. a) Write the working procedure to find the inverse of the given matrix by Jordan (2M) method.
 - b) Find the Eigen value of Adj A if the ' λ ' is the Eigen value of A. (2M)
 - c) Write the symmetry of the curve $y^2 (2a x) = x^3$ (2M)

d) Evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{3} \int_{-x}^{x} xy \, dx \, dy$$
 (2M)

- e) Find the value of $\beta\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$ (2M)
- f) Find the angle between the surfaces $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9$ and $z = x^2 + y^2 3$ at the (2M) point (2, -1, 2).
- g) Write the physical interpretation of Gauss divergence theorem. (2M)

PART -B

2. a) Reduce the matrix to Echelon form and find its rank $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 5 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 7 & 5 \\ 2 & 5 & 11 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$ (7M)

Solve the equations 10x + y + z = 12, 2x + 10y + z = 13, by Gauss – Jordan method. (7M) x + y + 5z = 7.

3. a) Find the Natural frequencies and normal modes of vibrating system for which (7M) mass $M = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and stiffness $K = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ b) Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem for the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$. Hence find A⁻¹ (7M)

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4. a) Find the volume of region bounded by the surface $z = x^2 + y^2$ and z = 2x. (7M)

b) Evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{a} \int_{0}^{\sqrt{a^{2} - x^{2}}} \sqrt{x^{2} + y^{2}} \, dy \, dx$$
 by changing in to polar co-ordinates. (7M)

5. a) Show that
$$\int_{a}^{b} (x-a)^{m-1} (b-x)^{n-1} dx = (b-a)^{m+n-1} \beta(m,n)m > 0, n > 0$$
 (7M)

b) Evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{1} (x \log x)^{4} dx$$
 (7M)

6. a) Find the directional derivative of $\phi = xyz$ at (1,-1, 1) along the direction which (7M) makes equal angles with the positive direction of x, y, z axes

b) Prove that
$$\operatorname{div} \operatorname{curl} \overline{f} = 0$$
 (7M)

- 7. a) Verify Green's theorem for $\int_{c} (3x^2 8y^2)dx + (4y 6xy)dy$ where *c* is the boundary of (7M) the region enclosed by the lines. x = 0 y = 0 x + y = 1.
 - b) Find the flux of vector function $\overline{F} = (x 2z)\overline{i} (x + 3y)\overline{j} + (5x + y)\overline{k}$ through the upper (7M) side of the triangle ABC with vertices (1,0,0), (0,1,0), (0,0,1).





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4. a) Trace the curve
$$x = a \cos t + \frac{a}{2} \log \tan^2 t/2$$
, $y = a \sin t$ (7M)

b) Find the area between the circles $r = a \cos\theta$ and $r = 2a \cos\theta$. (7M)

5. a) Prove that
$$\int_{0}^{1} \frac{x^{m-1}(1-x)^{n-1}}{(a+bx)^{m+n}} dx = \frac{\beta(m,n)}{(a+b)^{m} a^{n}}$$
(7M)

b) Evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-x^6} x^4 dx$$
 (7M)

6. a) Find the directional derivative of the function $e^{2x} \cos yz$ at the origin in the (7M) direction to the tangent to the curve $x = a \sin t$, $y = a \cos t$, z = at at $t = \frac{\pi}{4}$

- b) Show that curl curl $\overline{f} = \nabla \times (\nabla \times \overline{f}) = \nabla (\nabla \cdot \overline{f}) (\nabla \cdot \nabla) \overline{f}$ if $\overline{f}(x, y, z)$ is vector (7M) point function.
- 7. a) Verify Gauss Divergence theorem for $\overline{F} = (x^2 yz)\overline{i} + (y^2 zx)\overline{j} + (z^2 xy)\overline{k}$ taken (7M) over the rectangular parallelepiped $0 \le x \le a$; $0 \le y \le b$; $0 \le z \le c$.
 - b) Evaluate $\iint_{s} (\nabla \times \overline{F}) \cdot \overline{n} \, ds$ where $\overline{F} = (x^2 + y 4)\overline{i} + 3xy\overline{j} + (2xy + z^2)\overline{k}$ and s in the (7M) surface of the paraboloid $z = 4 x^2 y^2$ above the xy plane.