IV B.Tech I Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, Oct/Nov - 2018 AIR POLLUTION AND CONTROL

	(Civil Engineering)	
me: .		70
	Question paper consists of Part-A and Part-B Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A Answer any THREE questions from Part-B *****	
	PART-A (22 Marks)	
a)b)c)d)e)	What is Indoor air pollution? Differentiate Fog and smog. What are wet scrubbers? What is dry adiabatic lapse rate? List the factors to be considered while selecting a particular technology for air	[3] [4] [4] [3]
f)	pollution control. Differentiate between physical and chemical adsorption.	[4] [4]
a)	PART-B $(3x16 = 48 Marks)$ What do you mean by pollution? Distinguish between primary pollutants and secondary pollutants.	[8]
b)	Write about the pollutants from mobile sources.	[8]
a) b)	What do you mean by Green house effect? What are the substances responsible for that? Explain the remedial measures for mitigation. What are the primary meteorological factors that influence air pollution?	[8] [8]
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a) b)	Define Air Pollution. Discuss the sources and classification of air pollution. What are the Primary air pollutants and secondary air pollutants? Explain the formation of secondary air pollutants.	[8]
a)	What is Photochemical smog? How it forms? Explain	[8]
b)	Define and explain the term sampling? Explain the sampling methods of air pollutants.	[8]
a)	Precipitator.	[8]
b)	A power plant burns 5.45 tons of coal per hour and discharging the combustion production through a stack at an effective height of 75m. The coal has a sulfur content of 4.2% and the wind velocity is 4 m/s on a hot summer day at an height of 10m. Estimate the Ground level concentration of sulfur dioxide in $\mu g/m^3$ (i) along the centre line at a distance of 1.5 Km from the stack (ii) at cross wind distance 50m from the downwind distance 1.5Km. Take $\sigma_v = 36m$, $\sigma_z = 36m$, $\alpha = 0.25$	The coal has a sulfur ummer day at an height fur dioxide in μg/m³ (i)
a) b)	Explain about the environmental criteria for setting industries and green belts. Describe the laboratory analysis of Sulphur-di-oxide, Nitrogen oxide and carbon monoxide	[8]
	a) b) c) d) e) f) a) b) a) b) a) b) a) b) a) a) a) a) a) b)	Max. Marks: Question paper consists of Part-A and Part-B Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A Answer any THREE questions from Part-B ****** PART-A (22 Marks) a) What is Indoor air pollution? b) Differentiate Fog and smog. c) What are wet scrubbers? d) What is dry adiabatic lapse rate? e) List the factors to be considered while selecting a particular technology for air pollution control. f) Differentiate between physical and chemical adsorption. PART-B (3x16 = 48 Marks) a) What do you mean by pollution? Distinguish between primary pollutants and secondary pollutants. b) Write about the pollutants from mobile sources. a) What do you mean by Green house effect? What are the substances responsible for that? Explain the remedial measures for mitigation. b) What are the primary meteorological factors that influence air pollution? a) Define Air Pollution. Discuss the sources and classification of air pollution. b) What are the Primary air pollutants and secondary air pollutants? Explain the formation of secondary air pollutants. a) What is Photochemical smog? How it forms? Explain. b) Define and explain the term sampling? Explain the sampling methods of air pollutants. a) What a neat sketch explain the principle of working of an Electrostatic Precipitator. b) A power plant burns 5.45 tons of coal per hour and discharging the combustion production through a stack at an effective height of 75m. The coal has a sulfur content of 4.2% and the wind velocity is 4 m/s on a hot summer day at an height of 10m. Estimate the Ground level concentration of sulfur dioxide in μg/m³ (i) along the centre line at a distance of 1.5 Km from the stack (ii) at cross wind distance 50m from the downwind distance 1.5 Km. Take σ _y = 36m, σ _z = 36m, α = 0.25

1 of 1